

ENANTA

Pharmaceuticals

From Chemistry to Cures

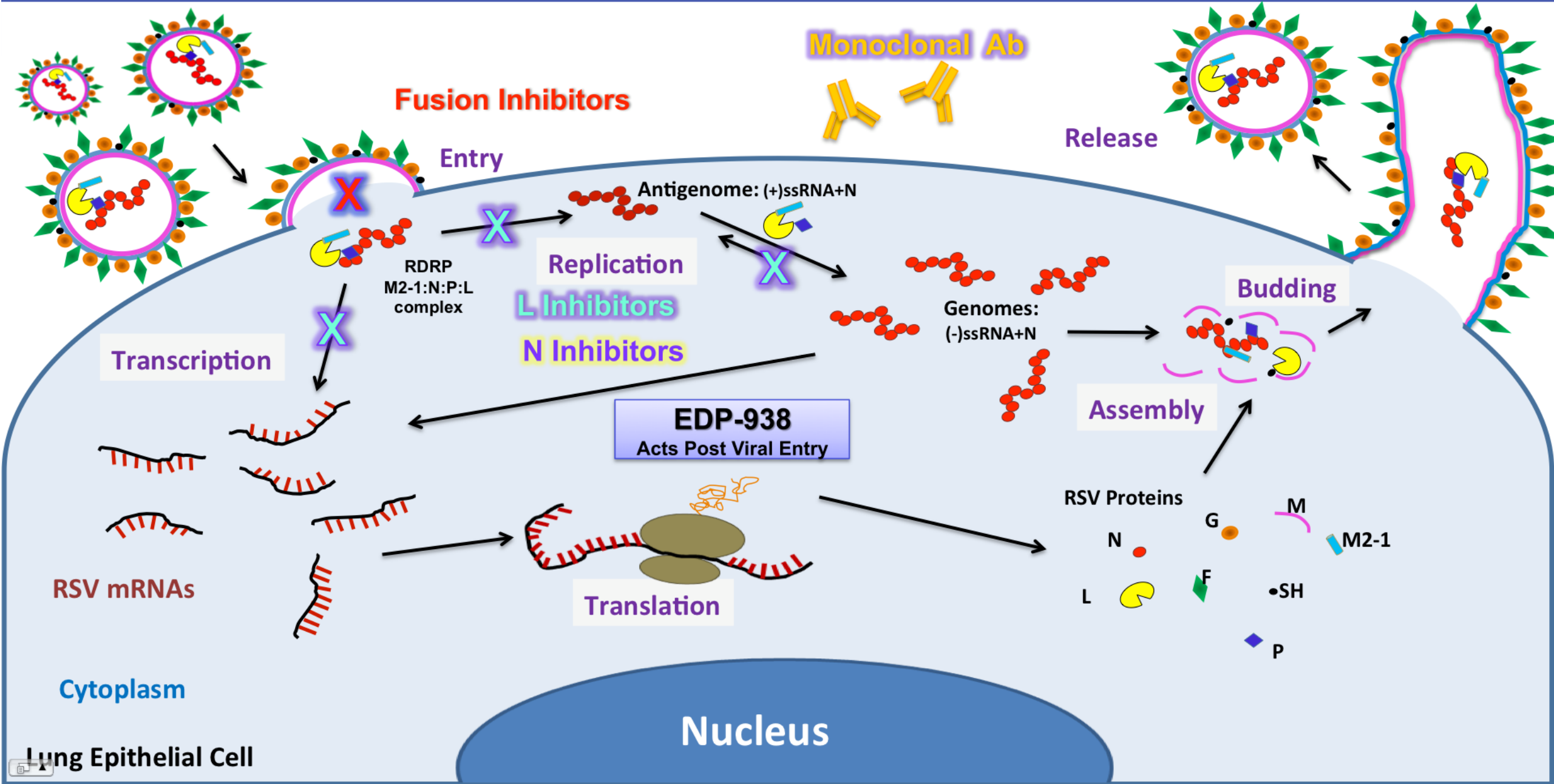
EDP-938, a Novel Non-Fusion Replication Inhibitor of RSV, Displays a High Barrier to Resistance *In Vitro*

M. H. J. Rhodin, N. V. McAllister, J. P. Castillo, I. Kim, J. Yu, Y. S. Or, B. Goodwin and K. Lin

11/2/2018

Disclosures: All contributors are employees of Enanta Pharmaceuticals.

RSV Life Cycle and Antiviral Targets

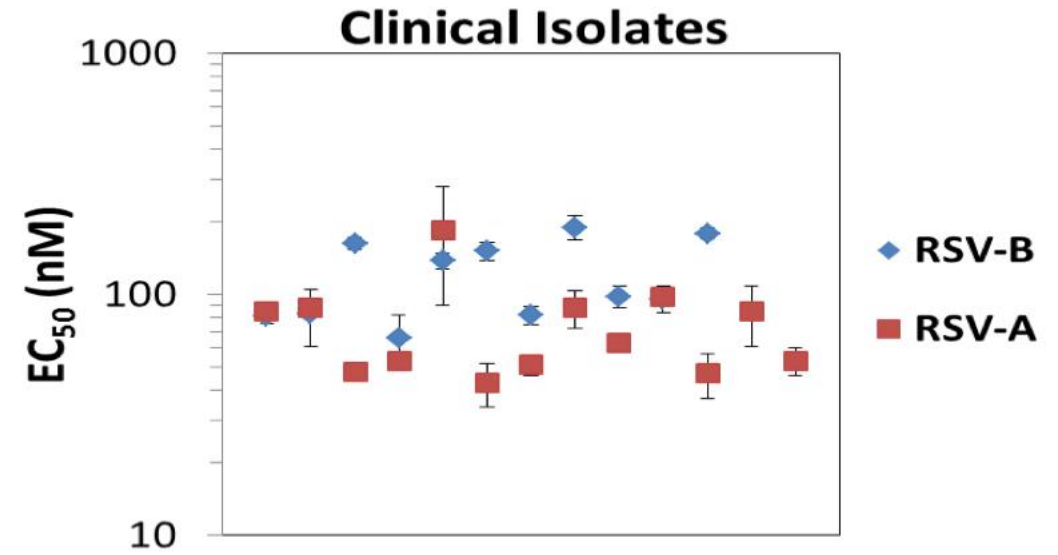


EDP-938 Inhibits all RSV Lab and Clinical Strains Tested *in vitro*

Virus		Assay		EC ₅₀ (nM)
Sub-type	Strain	Cell	Read-out	EDP-938
A	M37	HBEC	PCR	23 ± 13
		HEp-2	PCR	54 ± 5
		HEp-2	CPE	28 ± 4
	Long	HBEC	PCR	20 ± 17
		HEp-2	PCR	89 ± 15
		HEp-2	CPE	52 ± 12
	A2	HEp-2	PCR	59 ± 18
		HEp-2	CPE	28 ± 4
B	Wash	HBEC	PCR	62 ± 32
		A549	PCR	83 ± 38

CPE: Cytopathic Effect

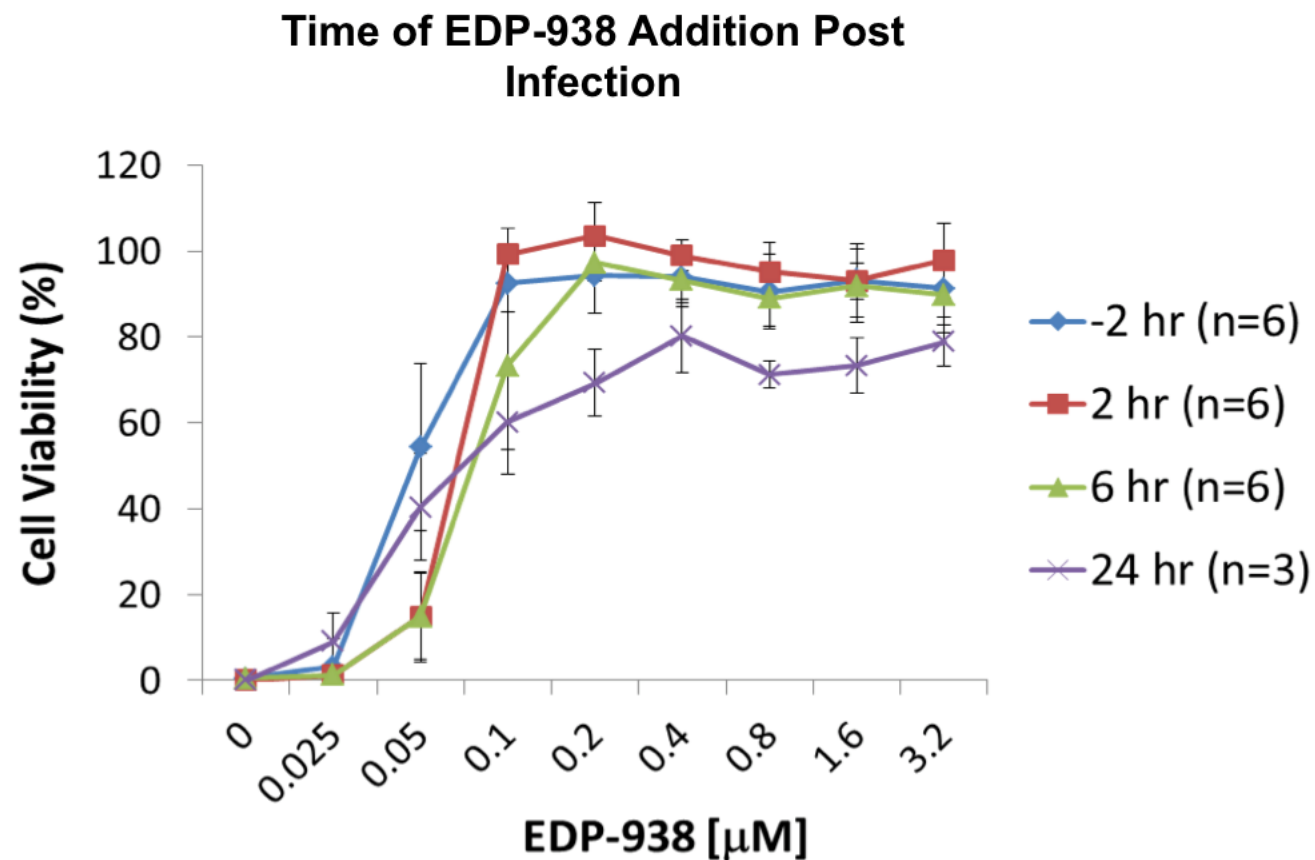
HBEC: primary Human Bronchial Epithelial Cells



Average EC₅₀ (nM)

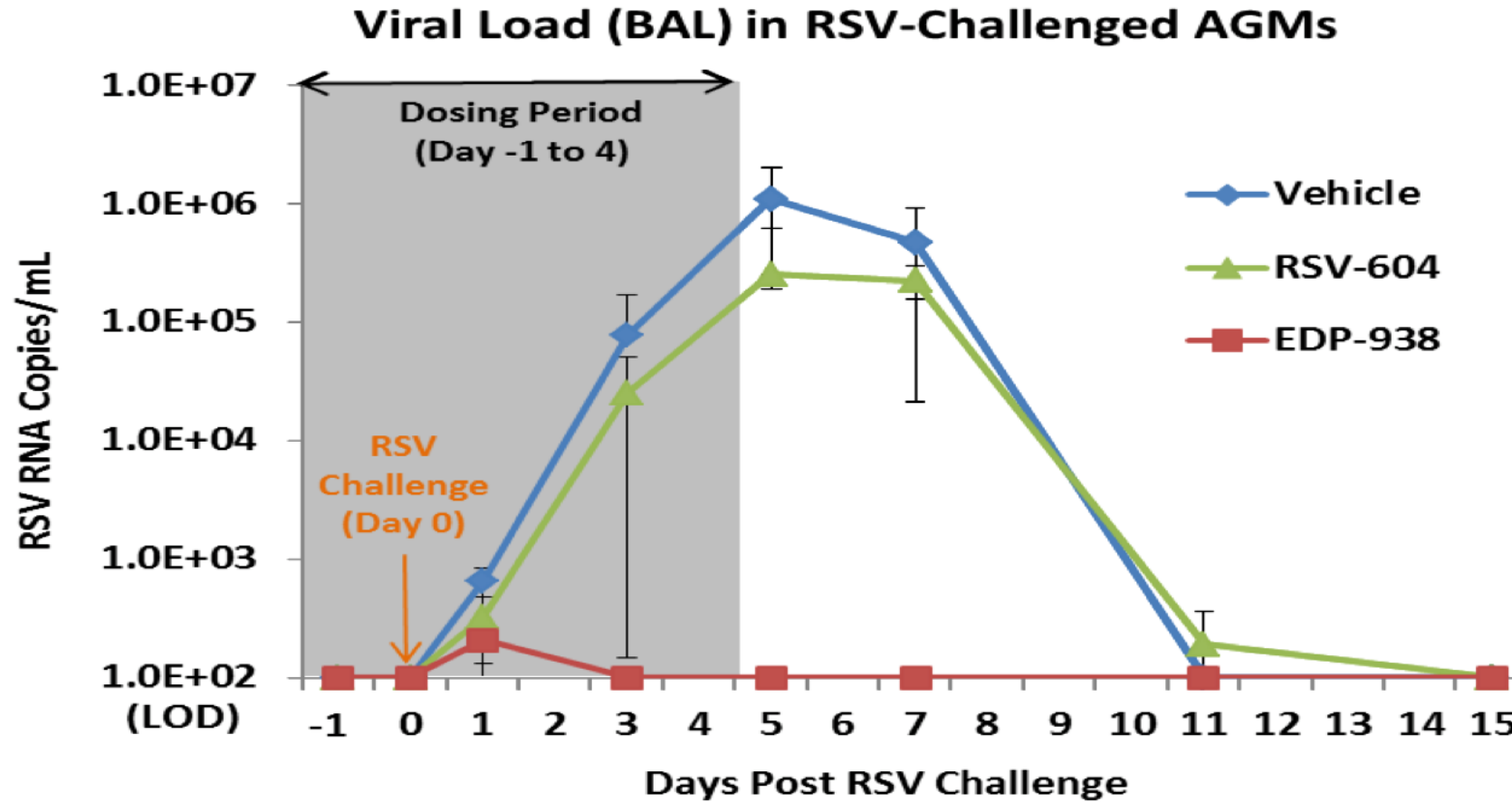
Clinical Isolates	EDP-938
RSV-A (13 isolates)	76 ± 37
RSV-B (11 isolates)	121 ± 45

EDP-938 Shows *in vitro* Efficacy Post Viral Infection



RSV-A Long, MOI = 0.1
CPE readout, 5 days post infection endpoint

EDP-938 Demonstrates *in vivo* Efficacy in the African Green Monkey Model

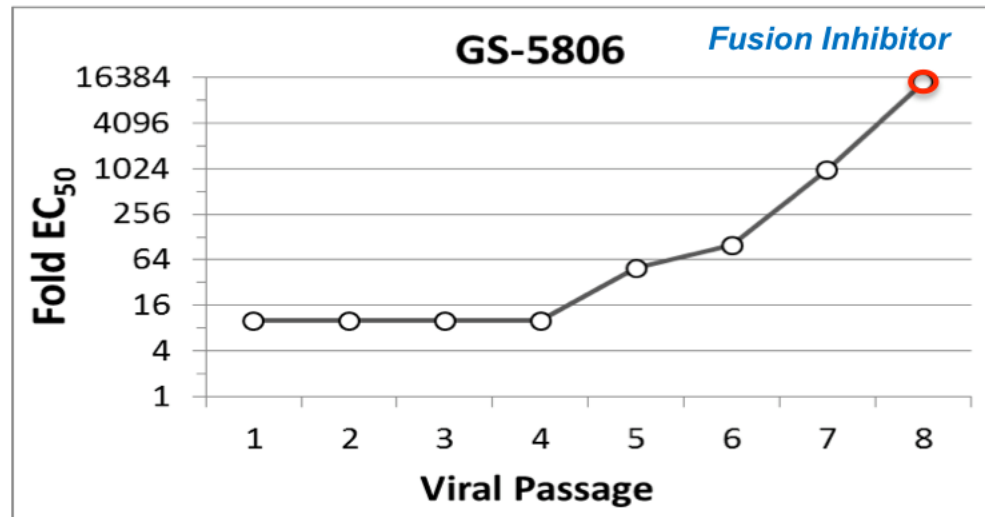


	RSV-A2 <i>in vitro</i> CPE EC ₅₀ [nM]
RSV-604	670
EDP-938	28

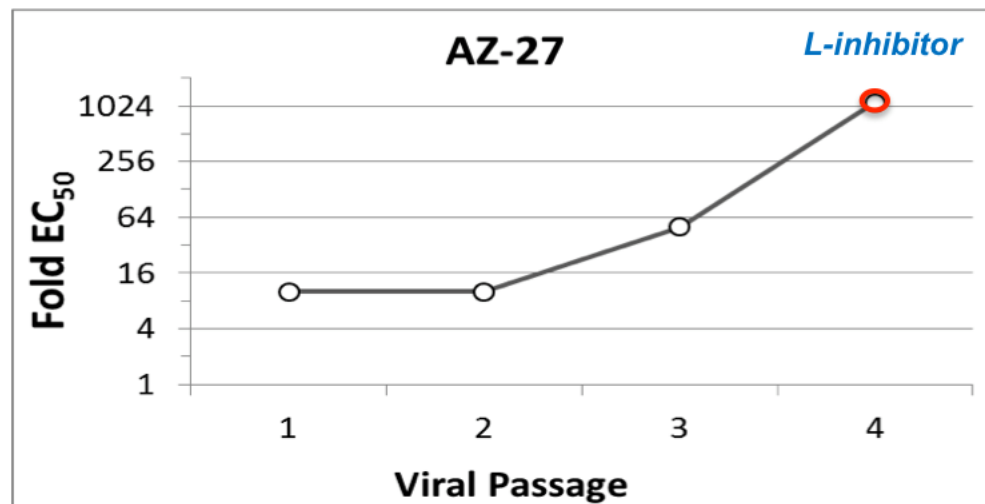
N=4 per group, dosing: 100mg/kg BID compound, LOD (limit of detection) = 100 copies/mL, virus: RSV-A2

RSV-A Rapidly Develops Resistance to F and L Inhibitor Compounds

10X EC₅₀ starting concentration
RSV-A Long
0.1 MOI initial infection

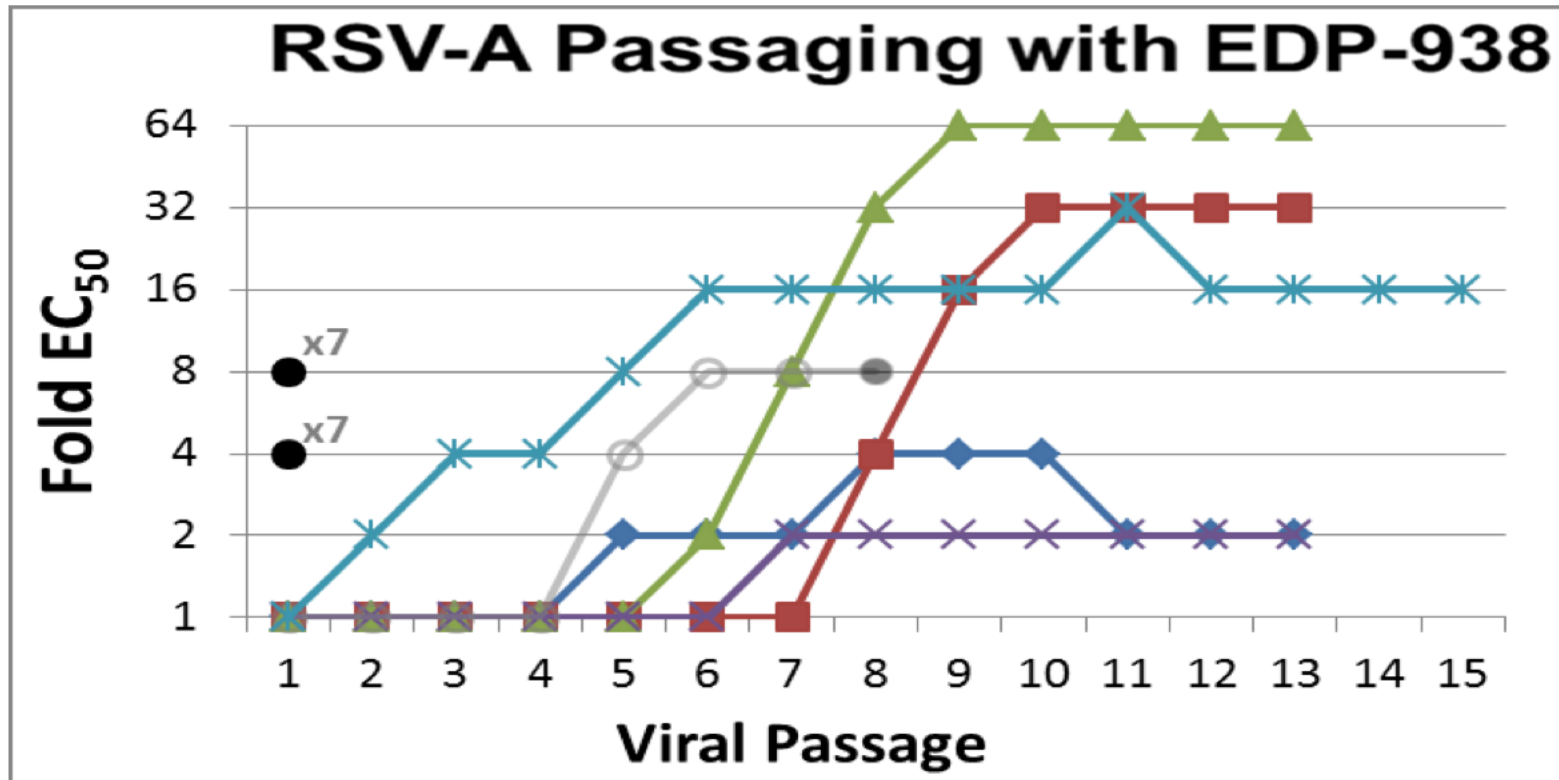


F:
L141V, N197T
>40,000 fold shift



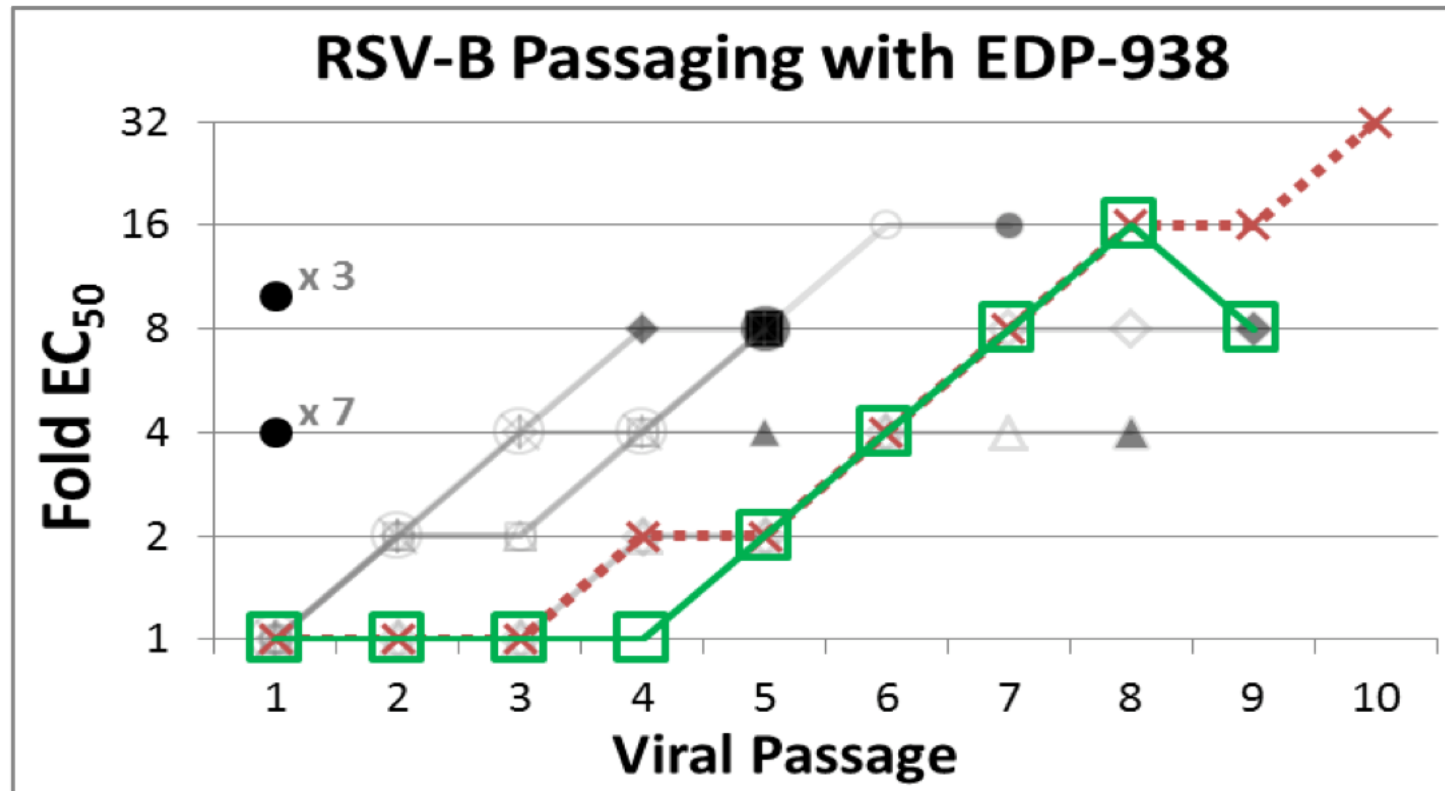
L:
Y1631H/R/C
>1,000 fold shift

EDP-938 Displays a High Barrier to RSV-A Resistance Selection *in vitro*



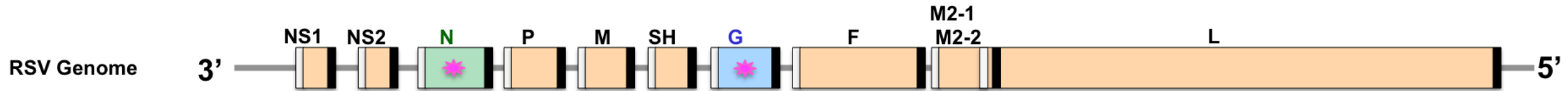
Note: **Black** filled markers indicate failure of the virus to survive at any concentration level tested at or after this collection. All cultures initiated with a viral MOI of 0.1 using RSV-A Long.

EDP-938 Displays a High Barrier to RSV-B Resistance Selection *in vitro*



Note: **Black** filled markers indicate failure of the virus to survive at any concentration level tested at or after this collection. All cultures initiated with a viral MOI of 0.5 – 1 using RSV-B VR-955.

RSV Resistance Mutations Against EDP-938



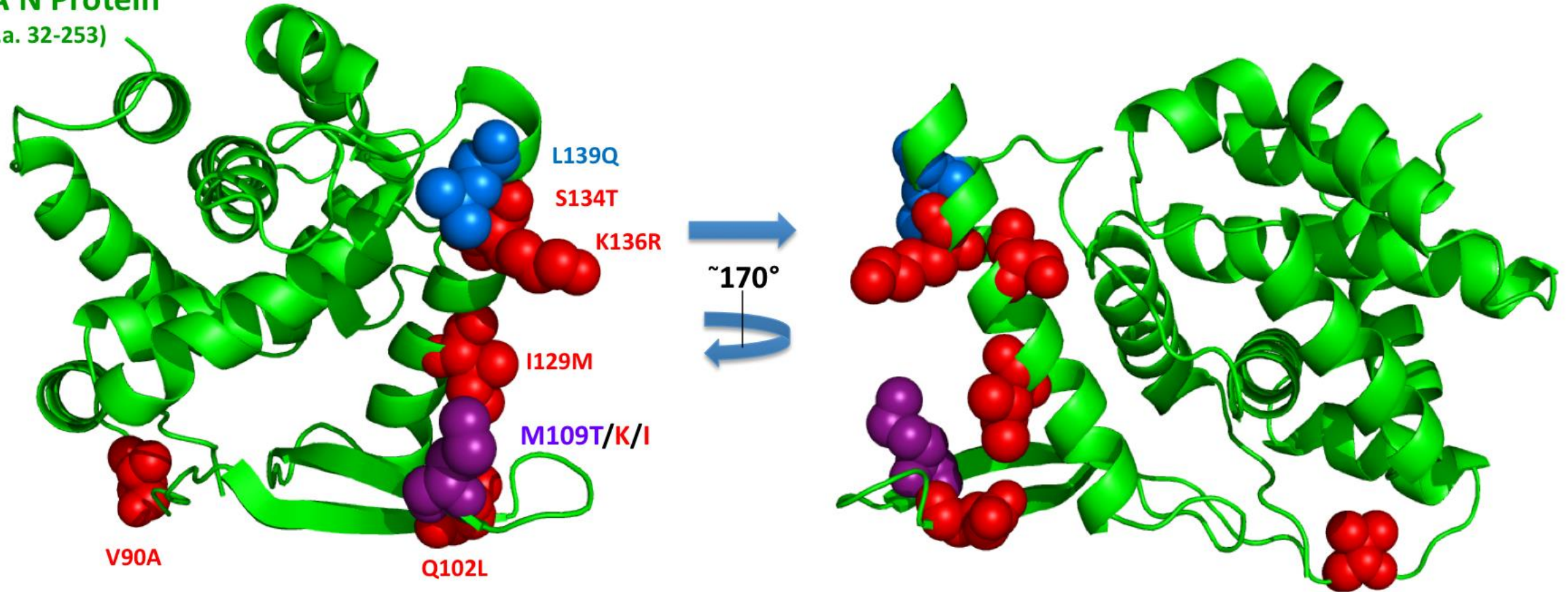
Virus		Mutations in RSV Proteins		EDP-938 EC ₅₀ Fold Change vs. WT	
		N	G		
Wild-Type (WT) A / B		-	-	1	
RSV-A	Plaque Purified EDP-938 Resistant Clones	#1	M109K	-	67
		#2	Q102L M109T I129M	K205G K213G T219A	60
		#3	V90A S134T	-	3.8
		#4	T29S S134T	-	3.3
		#5	M109I	R8H	3.1
		#6	K136R	-	2.7
		#7	S134T	-	2.6
RSV-B	Population 1	L139Q*	-	42	
	Population 2	M109T	E226G*	6.6	

* Observed as a dual WT/mutant population

- Of note: N is the most conserved RSV gene while G is the least.

Location of Mutations Found in the RSV N Protein of RSV-A & -B

RSV-A N Protein
(a.a. 32-253)

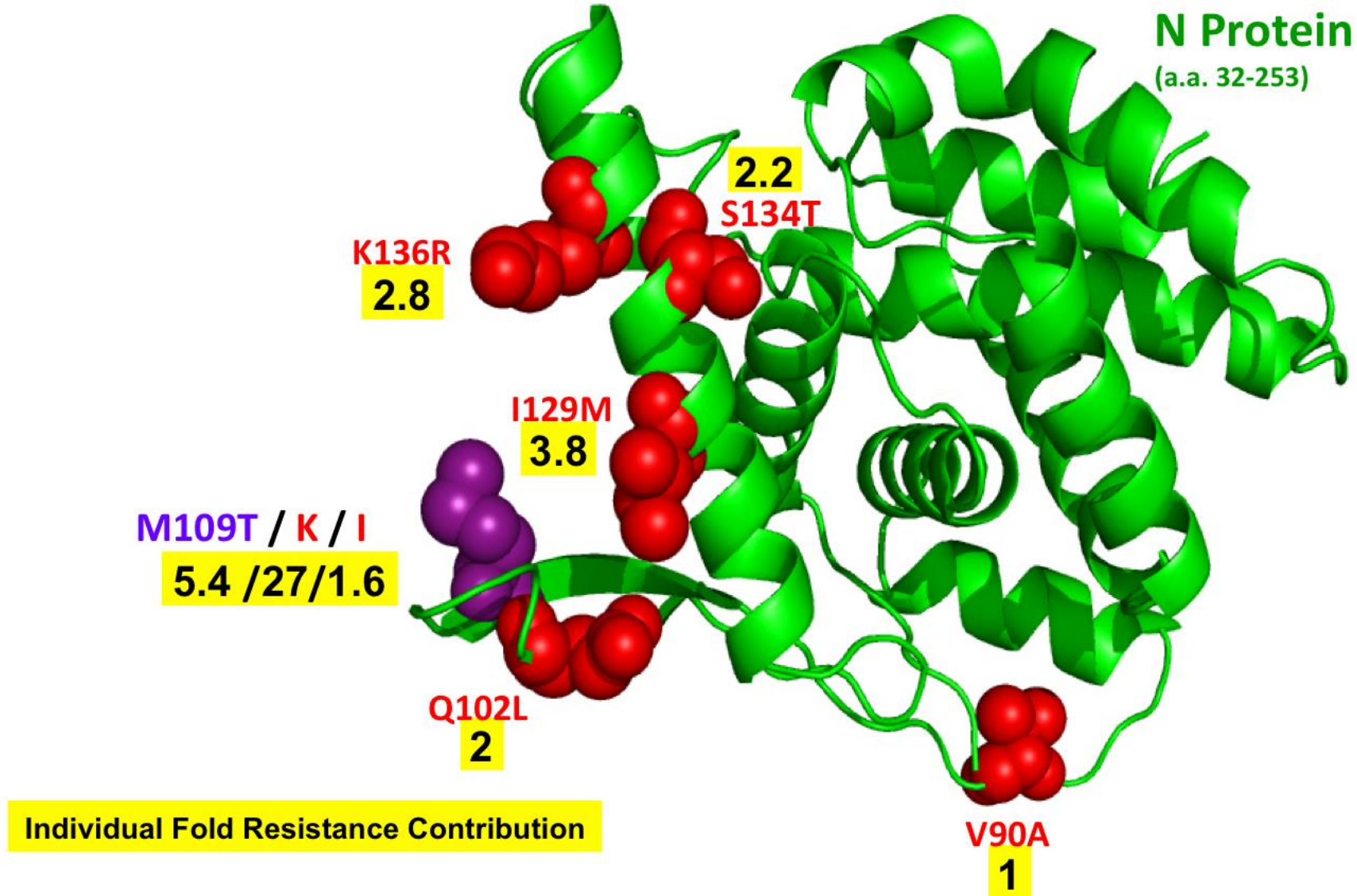


Red = RSV A drug resistant mutation
Blue = RSV-B drug resistant mutation
Purple = Both

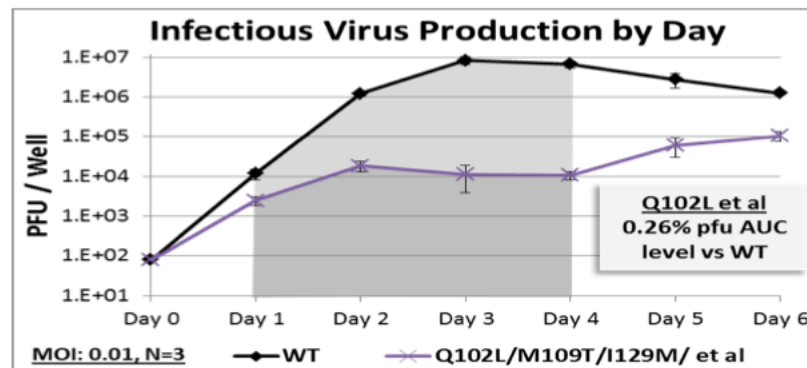
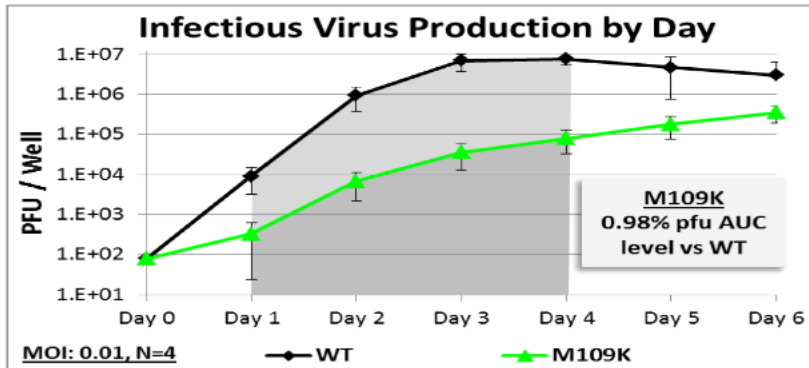
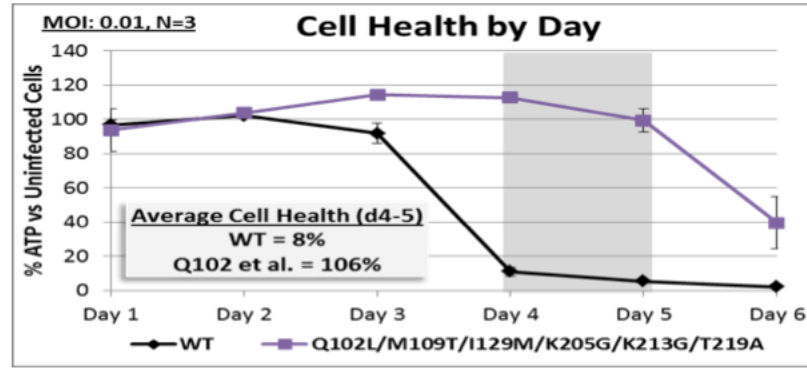
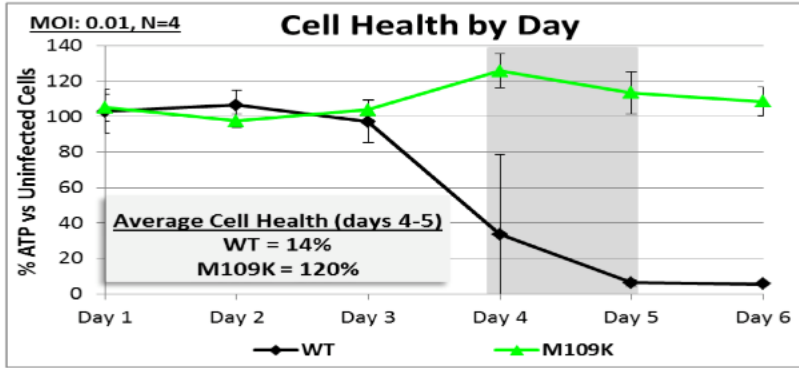
RSV-A Reverse Genetics System: Fold Resistance Contribution by Mutation

RSV-A Virus	Mutations in RSV Protein	EDP-938 EC ₅₀ Fold Change vs. WT
	N	
WT	-	1
Mutant Clones	M109K	67
	Q102L M109T I129M	60
	V90A S134T	3.8
	T29S S134T	3.3
	M109I	3.1
	K136R	2.7
	S134T	2.6

Assay MOI = 0.1
WT = 45 ± 21 nM



Fitness of Mutants Inversely Correlates with Viral Resistance: CPE and Plaque Forming Units (PFU)



RSV-A ^R Clones: Mutations in Proteins		EDP-938 EC ₅₀ Fold Change vs. WT	Average % Cell Viability Days 4-5 Post Infection	% Mutant pfu vs WT AUC days 1-4
N	G			
-	-	1	11	100
M109K	-	67	120	0.98
Q102L M109T I129M	K205G K213GT2 19A	60	106	0.26
V90A S134T	-	3.8	66	26
T29S S134T	-	3.3	69	38
M109I	R8H	3.1	23	54
K136R	-	2.7	48	65
S134T	-	2.6	24	59

- The 2 most resistant mutants are also the least fit
- CPE and PFU formation decreases with increased resistance to EDP-938

EDP-938 is Progressing Through Clinical Trials

EDP-938 has undergone Phase 1 testing and will be reported on in a poster presentation by Enanta's Clinical Team

Please visit them for more info

Poster

**EDP-938, a Novel, Non-Fusion Replication Inhibitor of Respiratory Syncytial Virus:
Preliminary Results of a Phase 1 Study in Healthy Subjects (HS)**

Session 2: Friday, Nov. 2nd 8:30pm

EDP-938

- demonstrates both *in vitro* and *in vivo* antiviral activity
- has a high barrier to developing resistance mutations *in vitro*
 - Unlike fusion and L polymerase inhibitors, RSV can not survive a starting 4x EC₅₀ concentration of EDP-938
- has efficacy shifts of <100-fold versus resistant strains
 - Most individual mutations bestow <10-fold resistance, vs. >1,000 fold with fusion and L polymerase inhibitors
- mutation mapping suggests direct involvement of N-protein
- resistance appears inversely correlated to viral fitness
 - The most significant resistance mutants >100-fold less fit than the wild-type

Acknowledgements

Enanta's RSV Team:

- **Chemistry:** Yat Sun Or, Brian Shook, In Jong Kim, Jianming Yu, Adam Szymaniak, Tom Blaisdell, Kevin McGrath, Solymar Negretti-Emmanuel, Kaicheng Zhu
- **Virology/Biology:** **Nicole McAllister**, Nalini Bisht, Susan Clugston, **Jonathan Castillo**, Nathan Manalo, **Kai Lin**, Bryan Goodwin
- **DMPK:** Lijuan Jiang, Sean Liu, Lisha Xu, Jonathan Kibel
- **Toxicology:** Kellye Daniels, Brenda Yamamoto, Sokleang Koy
- **CMC:** Matthew Ronsheim, Falguni Gadkari, Andrew Hague, John Zhao
- **In vivo:** Xiang Luo, Susanne Fyfe, Khanh Hoang
- **Enanta Clinical Team:** Nathalie Adda, Alaa Ahmad, Kajal Larson, Kristin Sanderson
- **Monkey Studies:** performed by Bioqual, Inc.
- **N Protein X-Ray Crystal Structure:** performed by EvoTec

Thank you!

Questions?