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EDP-323, a Small Molecule L-Protein Inhibitor in Development Against Respiratory Syncytial Virus

M. H. J. Rhodin, N. V. McAllister, N. Bisht, R. E. Levene, J. S. Gibbons, A. Balakrishnan, J. Yu, A. A. Szymaniak, K. P. McGrath, T. J. Mann, I. J. Kim, B. Ludeke, R. Fearn, Y. S. Or, and B. Goodwin



Disclosures: Authors M. H. J. Rhodin, N. V. McAllister, N. Bisht, R. E. Levene, J. S. Gibbons, A. Balakrishnan, J. Yu, A. A. Szymaniak, K. P. McGrath, T. J. Mann, I. J. Kim, Y. S. Or, and B. Goodwin are employees of Enanta Pharmaceuticals

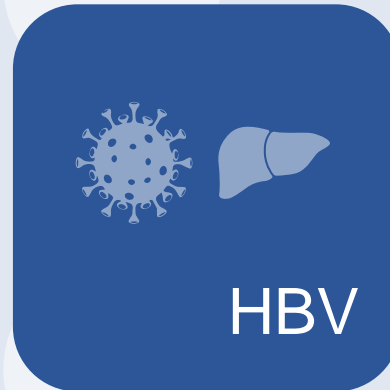
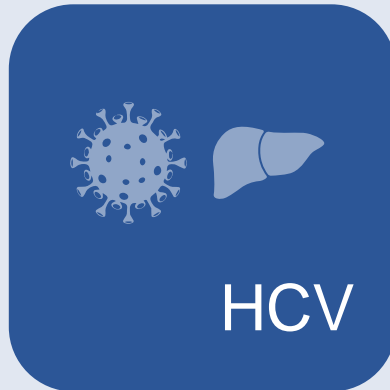
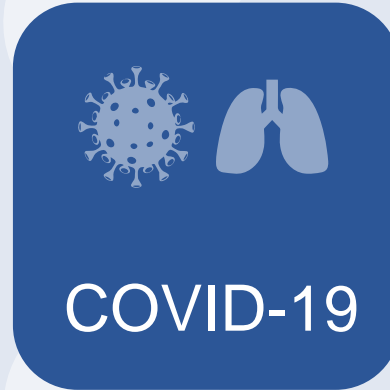
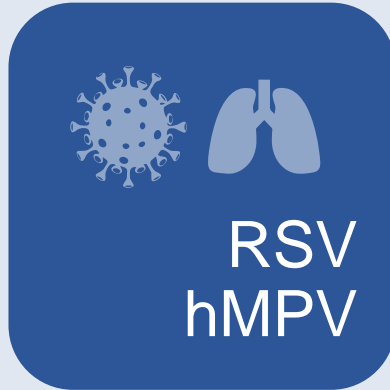
Work performed in the Fearn's lab was funded under a sponsored research agreement between Boston University and Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc.



Enanta
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EDP-938
RSV N Inhibitor

EDP-323
RSV L Inhibitor



EDP-235
3CLpro Inhibitor

**Glecaprevir-containing
pangenotypic 2-DAA
combo**



EDP-514
Core Inhibitor

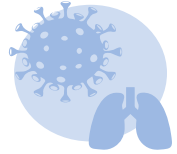
Our Therapeutic Focus

Leveraging our core strength in Hepatitis C to become a leader in oral treatments for **viral** infections and **liver** diseases

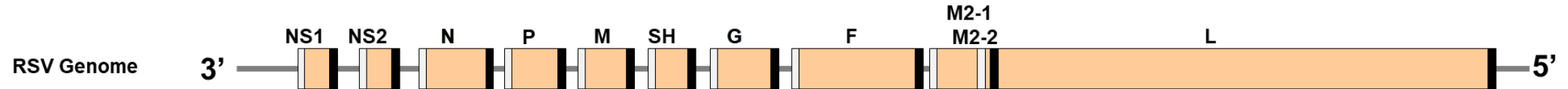
Several new therapeutic areas with goal of building multiple approaches in each



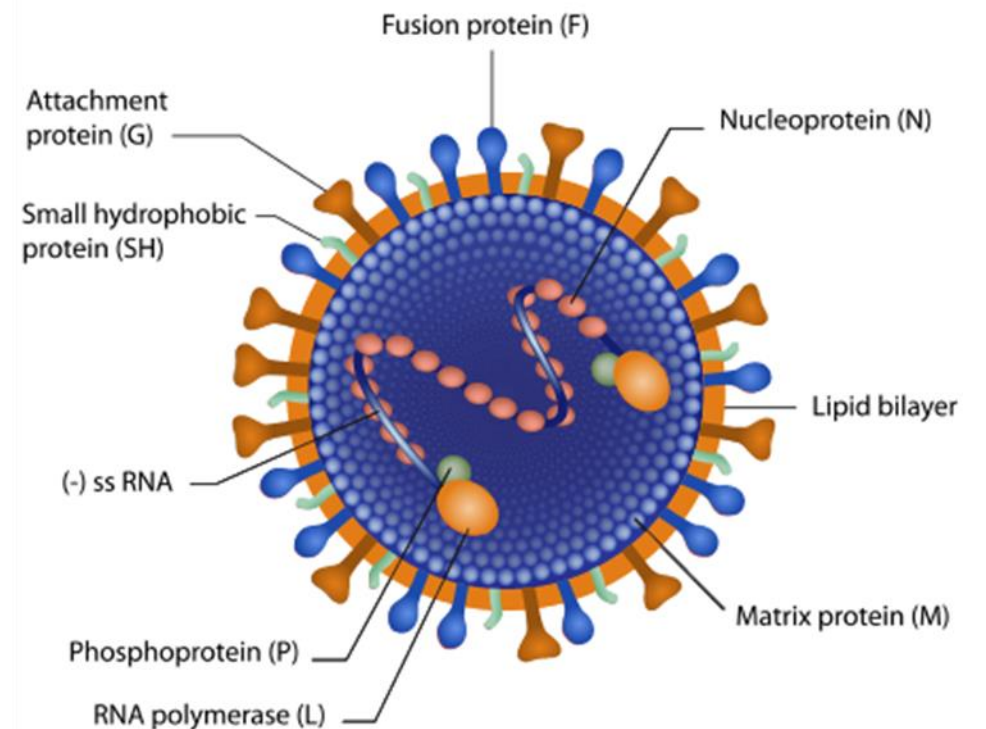
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)



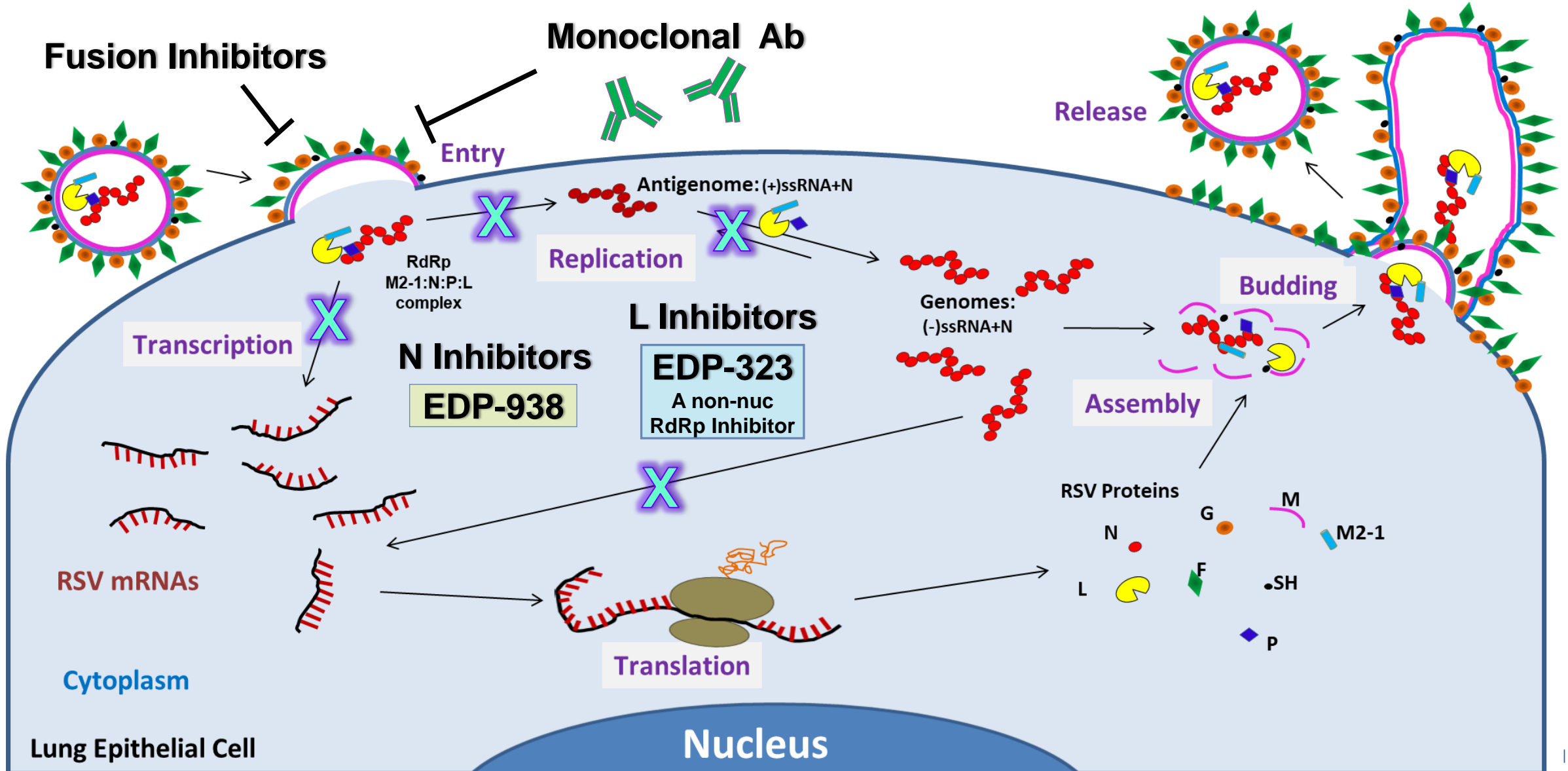
RSV is a (-)ssRNA non-segmented virus with a genome size of roughly 15 kb. It has 10 genes which code for 11 proteins.



- Causes ~25 million acute respiratory tract infections annually in children worldwide, with common re-infections in adults
- Leading cause of hospitalization of children under 5
 - Responsible for >75k deaths per year
- By 1 year of age ~60-70% have had RSV, by 3 years old ~95-99% have had RSV
- Other critically affected groups include immunosuppressed and elderly populations
- Current care:
 - mAb Palivizumab (Synagis) for premature infants in RSV season
 - Supportive care
 - **No approved vaccines**
 - **No approved direct acting therapeutics**



RSV Life Cycle and Antiviral Targets



EDP-323 Displays Potent Antiviral Activity *In Vitro*

EDP-323 Antiviral Activity: EC_{50/90} [nM]

Cell Type	Virus	Readout	EC ₅₀	EC ₉₀
HEp-2	RSV-A Long	CPE	0.44	0.52
		RT-qPCR	0.84	1.10
	RSV-B VR-955	CPE	0.40	0.57
		RT-qPCR	0.55	0.64
	RSV-A M37	CPE	0.32	0.36
		RT-qPCR	0.34	0.69
	RSV-A2	CPE	0.15	0.19
HBEC	RSV-A Long	RT-qPCR	0.09	0.15
3D pHAEC ALI Culture	RSV-A Long	RT-qPCR	0.16	0.27
	RSV-B VR-955	RT-qPCR	0.09	0.33

EDP-323 Cytotoxicity: CC₅₀

Cells	5 days
HEp-2	18 μM

EDP-323 Activity vs Clinical Isolates EC_{50/90} [nM]

Virus	Isolate	EC ₅₀	EC ₉₀
RSV-A HEp-2 Cells CPE Readout	80189	0.33	0.45
	Tracy	0.36	0.61
	79365	0.28	0.45
	37425	0.19	0.28
	121301018	0.19	0.21
	79309	0.36	0.68
	79223	0.21	4.20
	121301343	0.18	0.56
	61245	0.20	0.22
	RSV-B HEp-2 Cells CPE Readout	57097	0.15
60188		0.11	0.31
79222		0.30	0.75
65848		0.11	0.30
65859		0.10	0.31
121301314		0.04	0.05
Mean		0.21	0.67

- Picomolar EC₉₀s in primary human cells, with a CC₅₀/EC₅₀ selectivity index >30,000

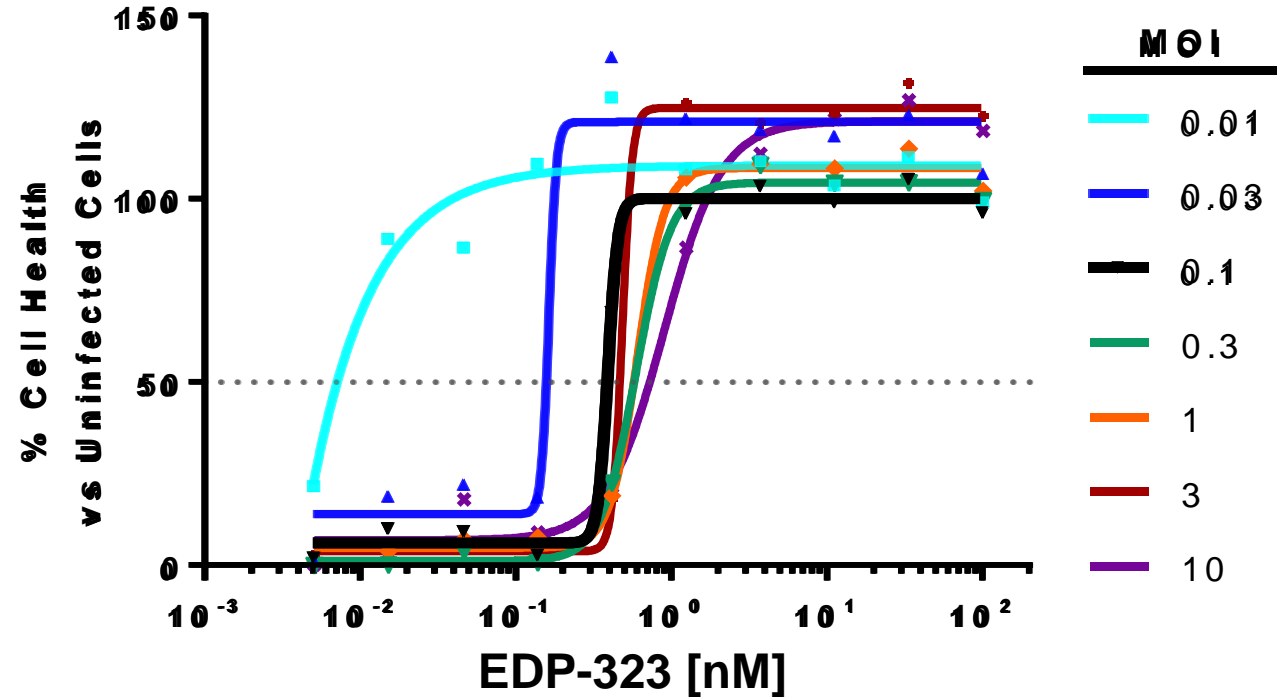
EDP-323's Potency is Resilient to Increases in Viral Load

EDP-323 Activity vs Viral Load

MOI	RSV-A Long	
	EC ₅₀ [nM]	EC ₉₀ [nM]
10	0.70	1.30
3	0.47	0.53
1	0.56	0.79
0.3	0.56	0.92
0.1	0.38	0.46
0.03	0.16	0.18
0.01	0.01	0.02

Viral Load

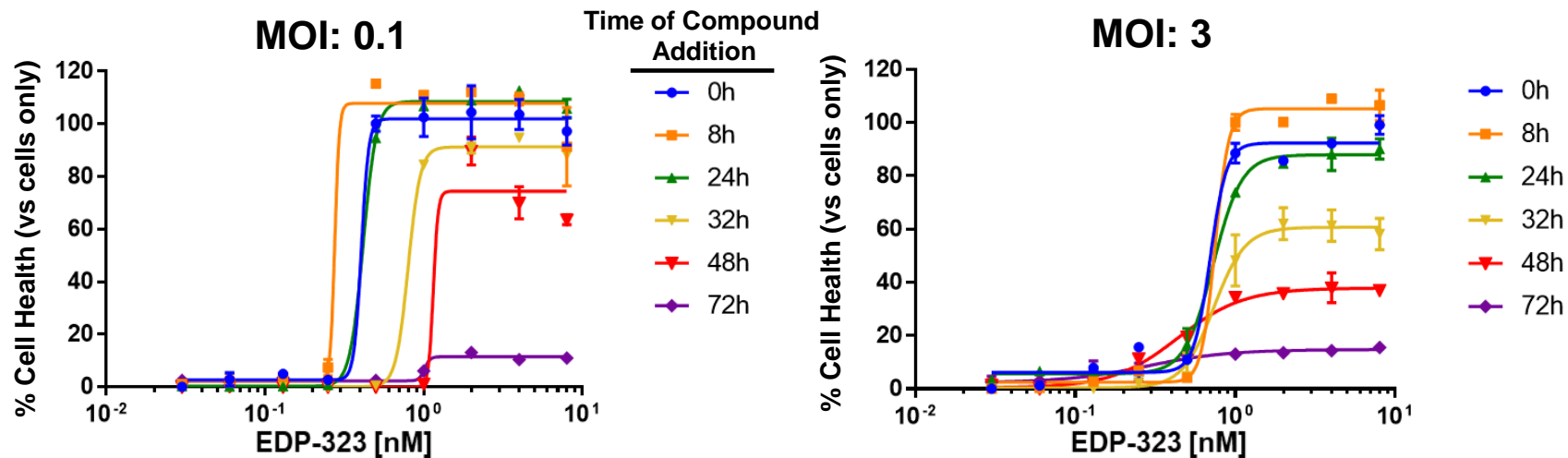
Viral Load Effect on EDP-323 Activity



- Improved potency when MOI drops below 0.1
- Only minor potency reduction when viral load increases over MOI 0.1

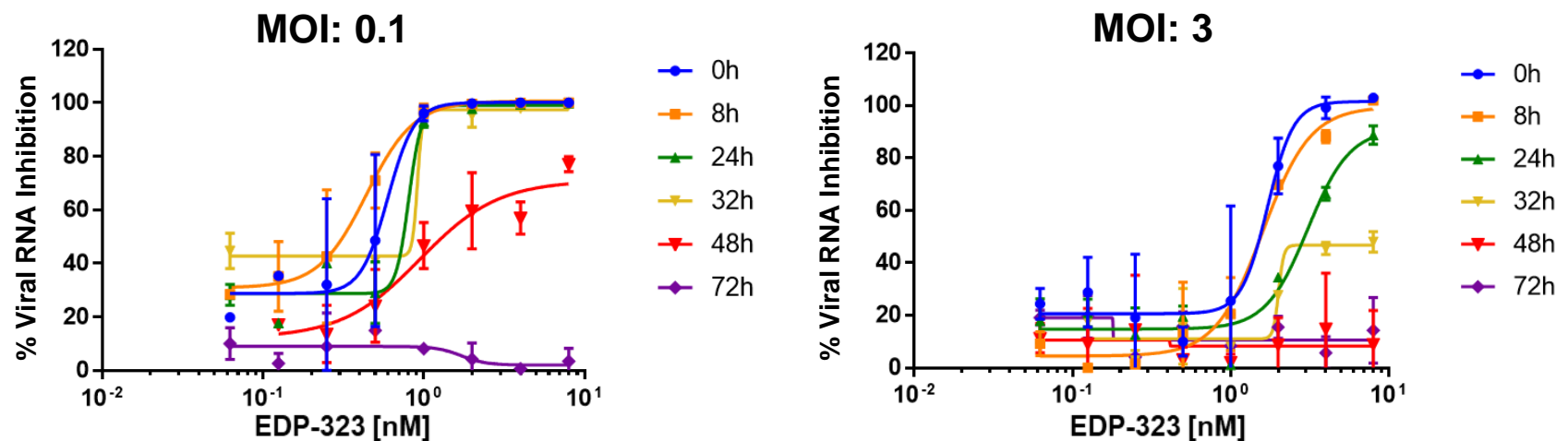
EDP-323 Maintains *In Vitro* Efficacy Post-Infection in 2D Cell Culture

CPE



Time of Addition: CPE		
ToA (hpi)	EC ₅₀ [nM]	
	MOI: 0.1	MOI: 3
0 h	0.36	0.7
8 h	0.28	0.76
24 h	0.42	0.76
32 h	0.84	0.97
48 h	1.2	>8.0
72 h	>8.0	>8.0

RT-qPCR

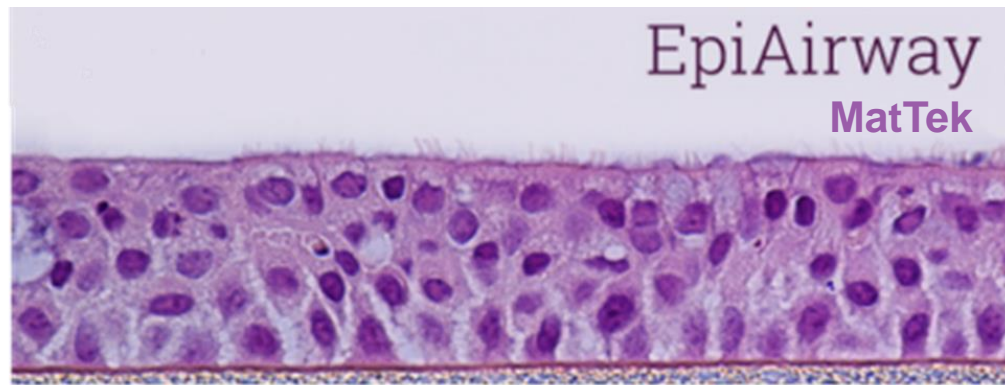


Time of Addition: RT-qPCR		
ToA (hpi)	EC ₅₀ [nM]	
	MOI: 0.1	MOI: 3
0 h	0.44	1.5
8 h	0.35	1.5
24 h	0.74	2.9
32 h	0.72	>8.0
48 h	1.6	>8.0
72 h	>8.0	>8.0

EDP-323 Maintains *In Vitro* Efficacy Post-Infection in 3D Cell Culture

3D pHAEC-ALI Culture

primary human airway epithelium cells
grown at an air-liquid interface



Ciliated apical surface

Mucociliary epithelium

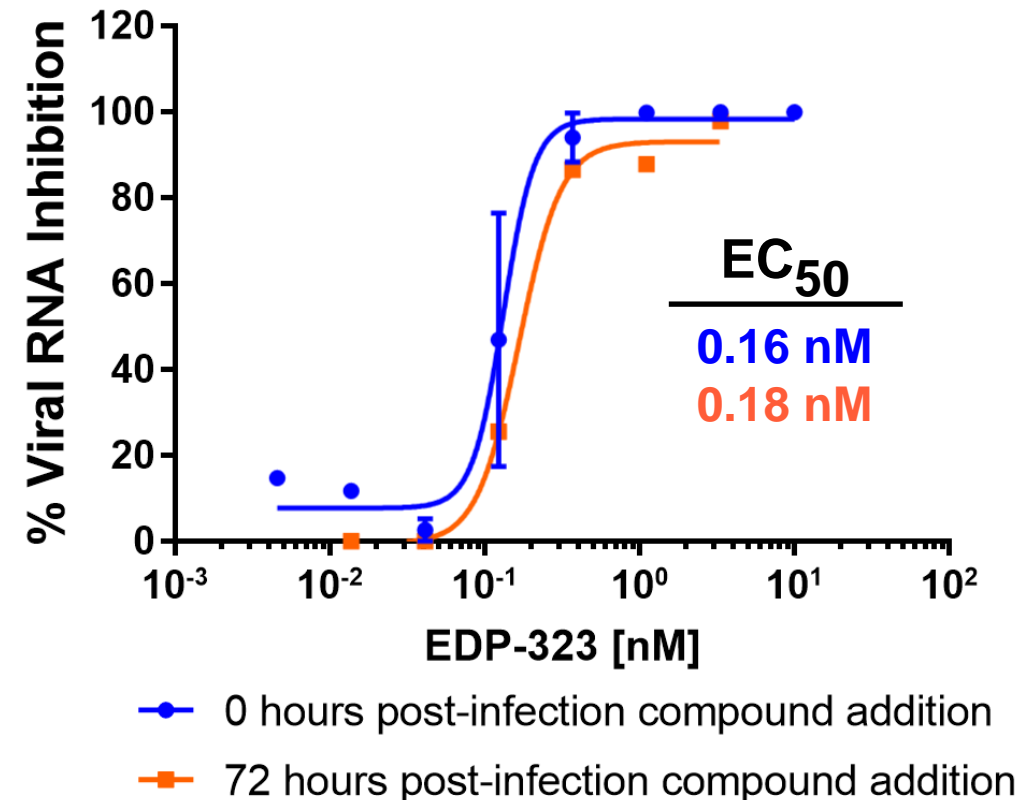
Microporous membrane

Basal media supply

- **Infect at apical surface**

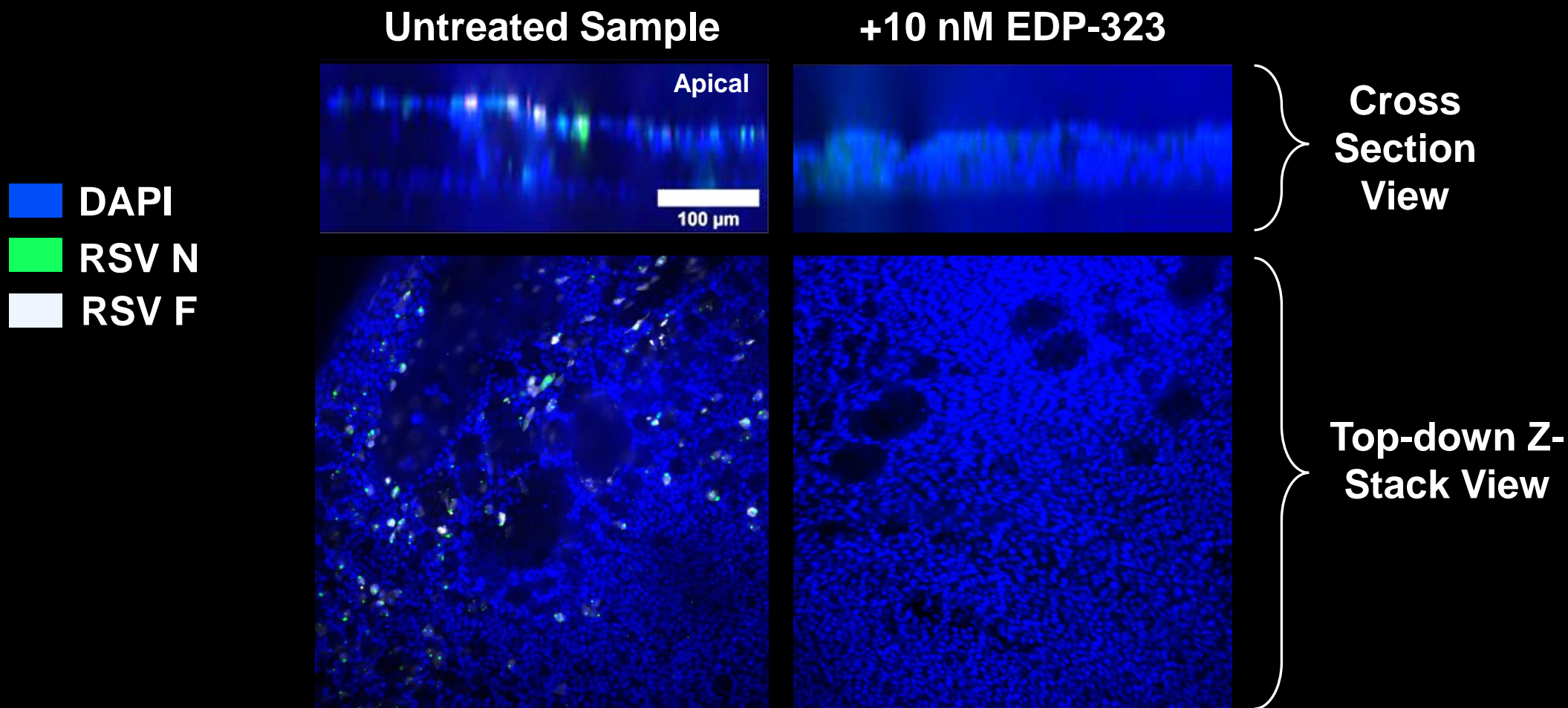
- **EDP-323 added to basal media**

RSV-A Long in pHAEC-ALI Culture



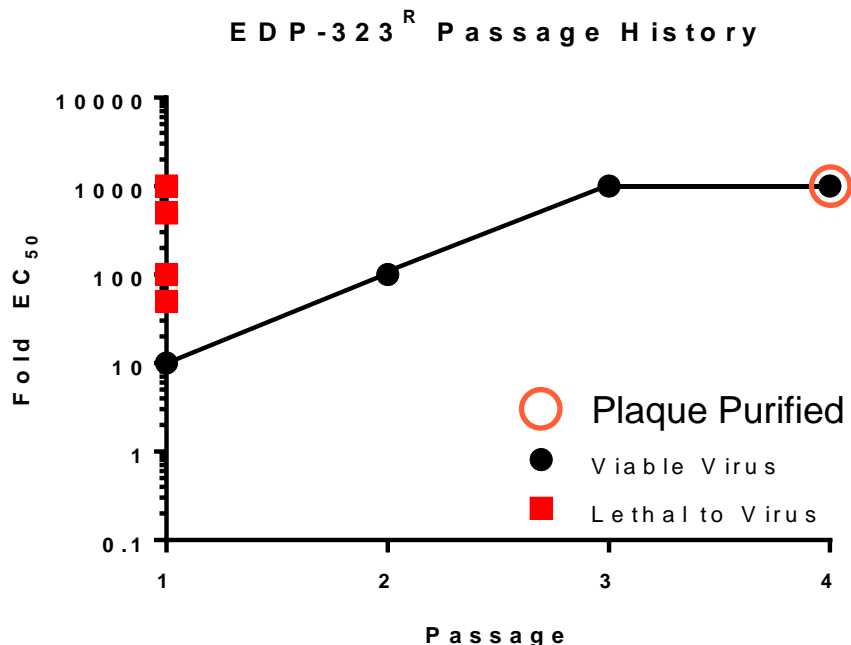
- EDP-323 maintains activity 72 hours post-infection in the pHAEC-ALI culture

Imaging of 3D pHAEC-ALI Culture Highlights EDP-323's ability to Reduce Viral Infection



Assay Conditions: EpiAirway 3D pHAEC-ALI infected with RSV-A Long at 3.1×10^4 PFU and treated with EDP-323 or vehicle control. 5 days post-infection, tissues fixed and stained.

EDP-323 Resistance Mapping Indicates Binding to Capping Domain of RdRp



Plaque Purified and Sequenced

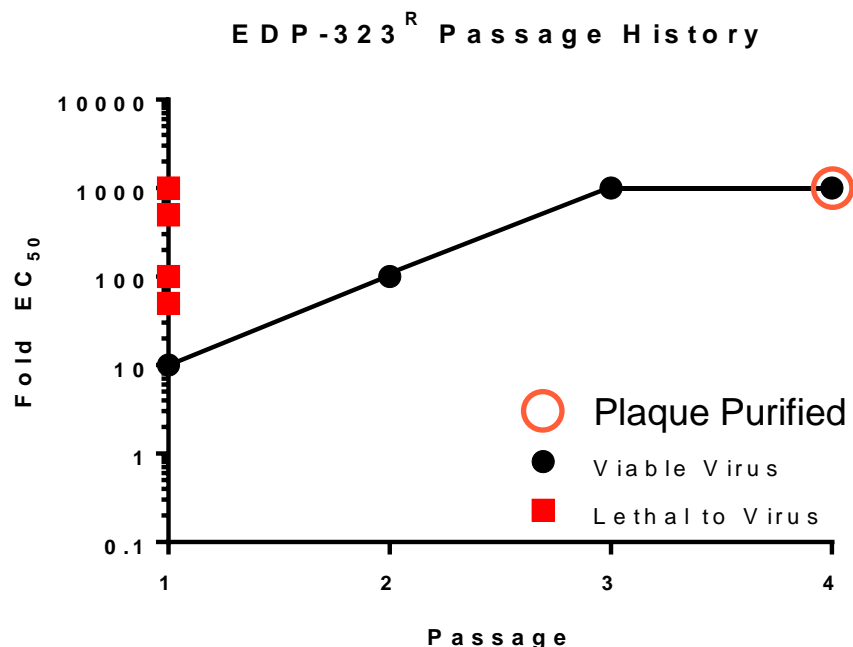
- 18/18 plaques: L: L1372V
- 18/18 plaques: L: C1388G
- 3/18 plaques: L: I392L
- 3/18 plaques: L: K1532E

EDP-323 Cross Resistance Profiling

Compound	Target	WT	L1372V, C1388G	I392L, L1372V, C1388G	L1372V, C1388G, K1532E
		EC ₅₀ nM	Fold-shift	Fold-shift	Fold-shift
EDP-323	L (non-nuc.)	0.3	10,453	7,963	7,834
EDP-938	Nucleoprotein	21	4	3	4
AZ-27	L (non-nuc.)	15	2	1	2
PC-786	L (non-nuc.)	1.9	3	2	3
BI-D	L (non-nuc.)	56	2	3	2
ALS-8176	L (nuc.)	1,209	6	4	7
Remdesivir	L (nuc.)	54	2	1	1
GS-5806	Fusion	1.2	1	1	1
RV-521	Fusion	2.8	1	1	2

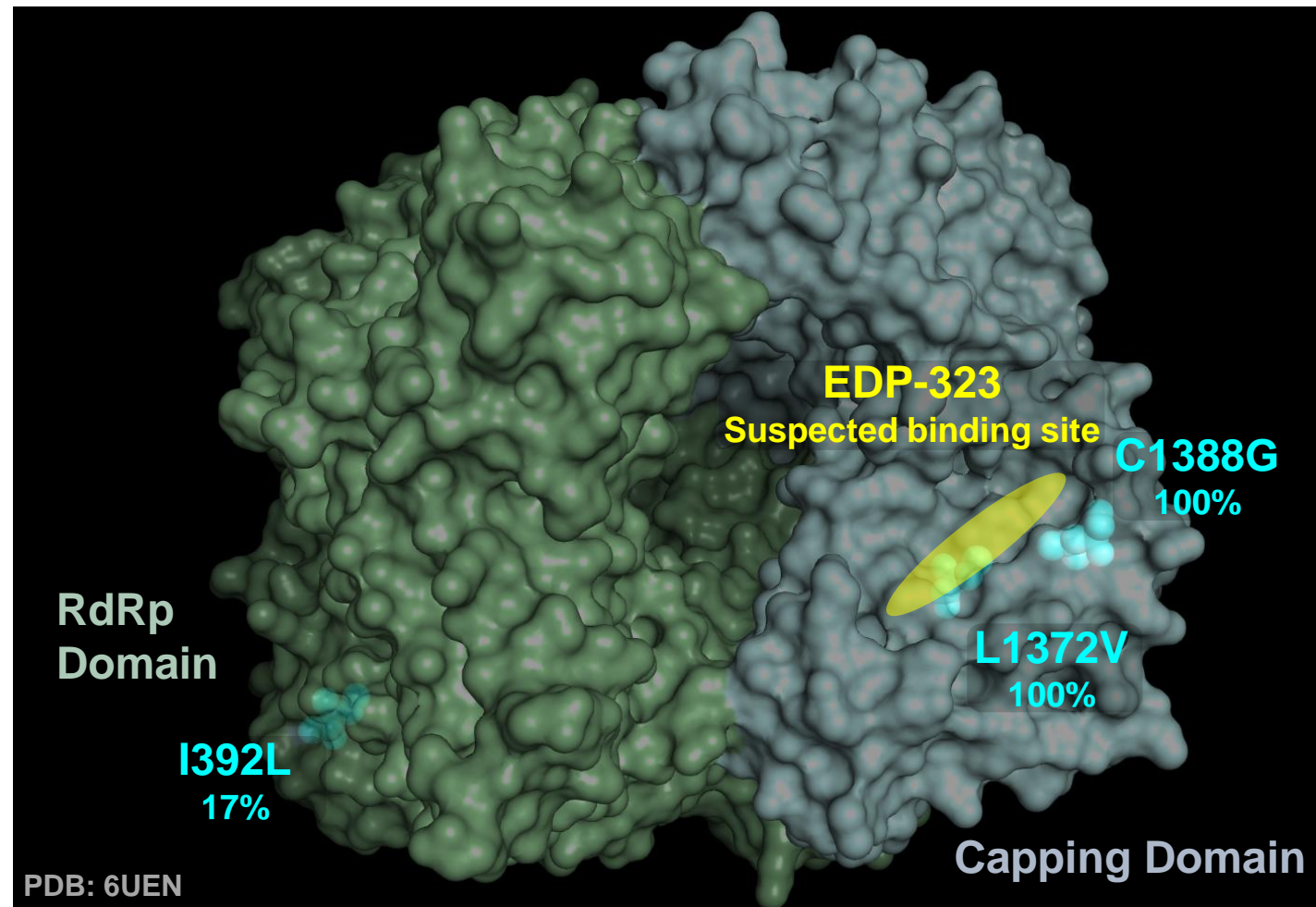
Note: WT and mutant strains are in an RSV-A Long background, CPE readout
 Wild-type RSV-A Long was unable to survive initial treatment ≥50X EDP-323's EC₅₀

EDP-323 Resistance Mapping Indicates Binding to Capping Domain of RdRp



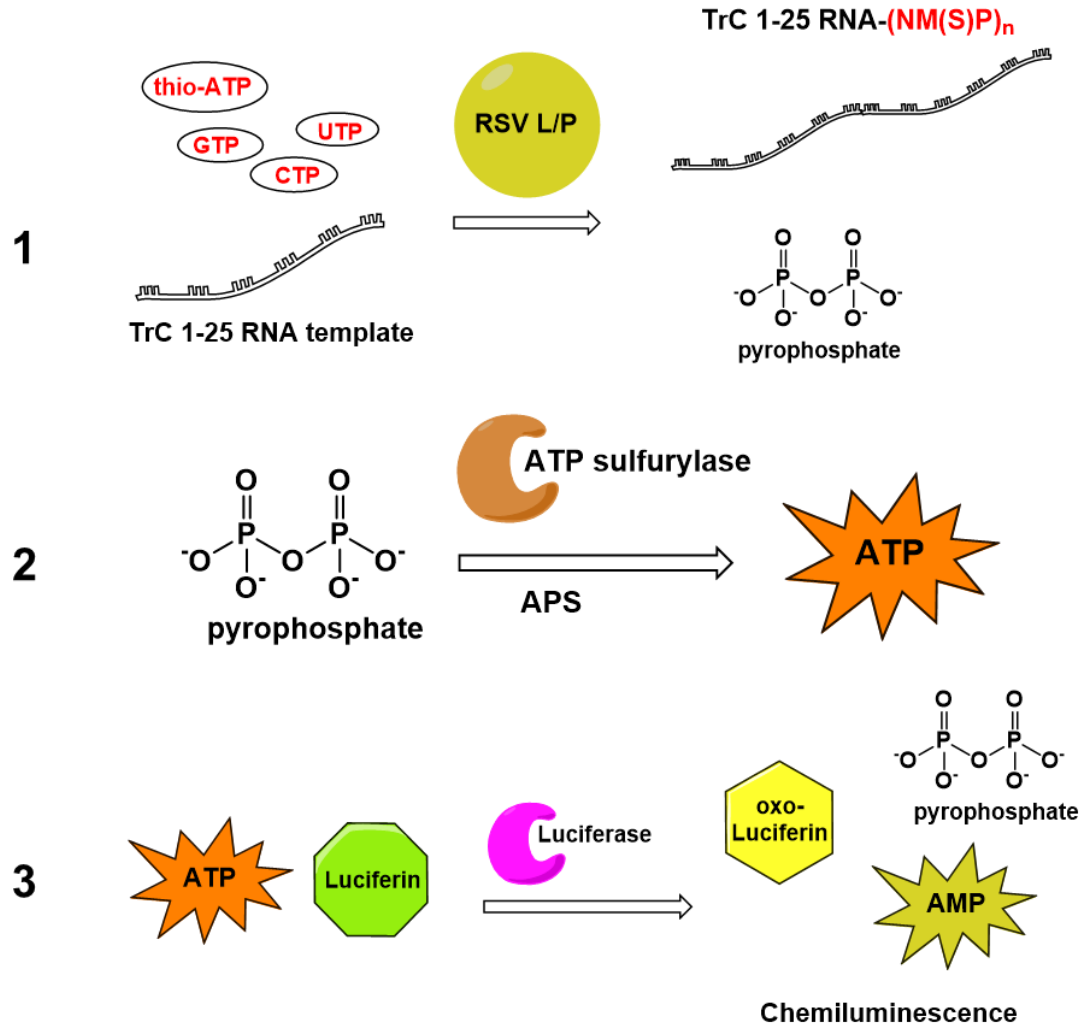
Plaque Purified and Sequenced

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- 3/18 plaques: L: I392L
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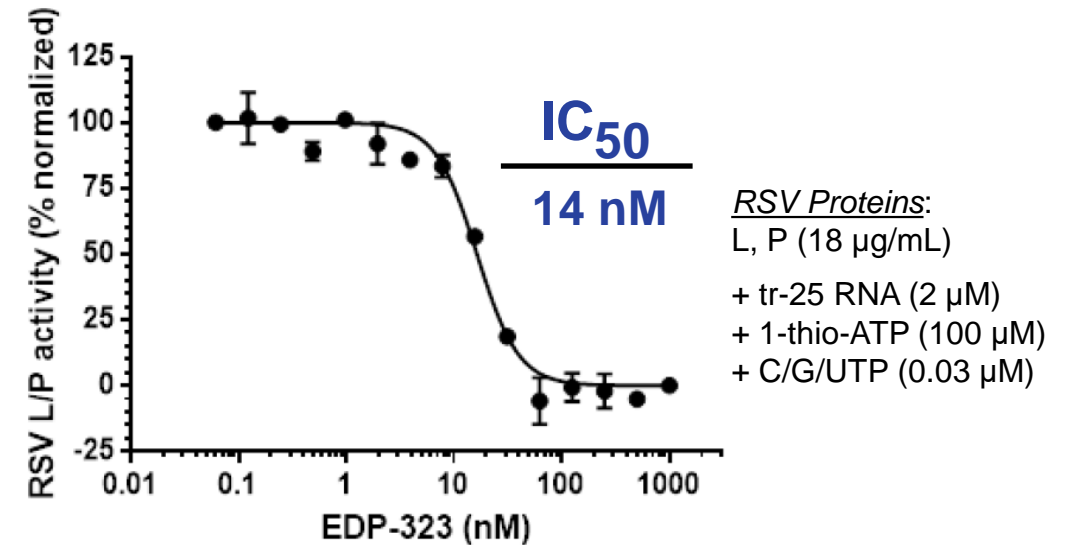
EDP-323 Directly Inhibits L Protein Function

Biochemical Assay



Inhibition of RSV L/P RdRp Activity by EDP-323

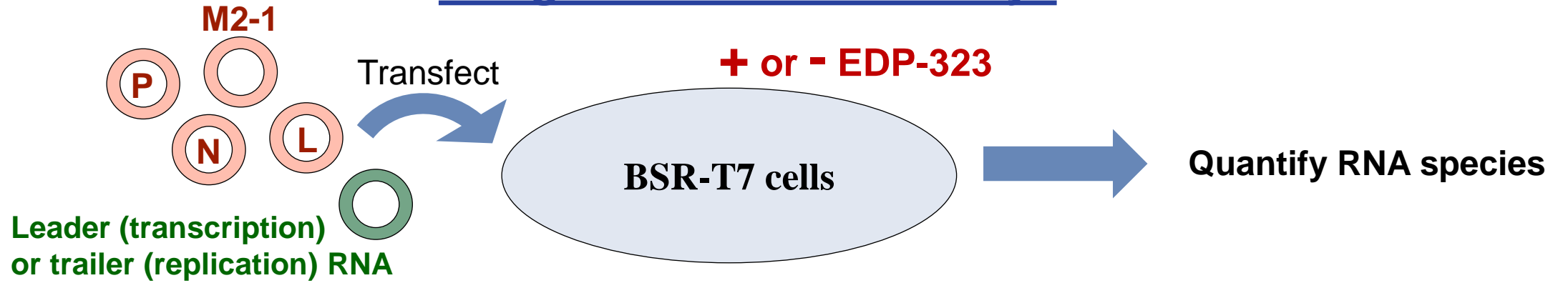
Pyrophosphate detection by enzyme-coupled luminescence assay



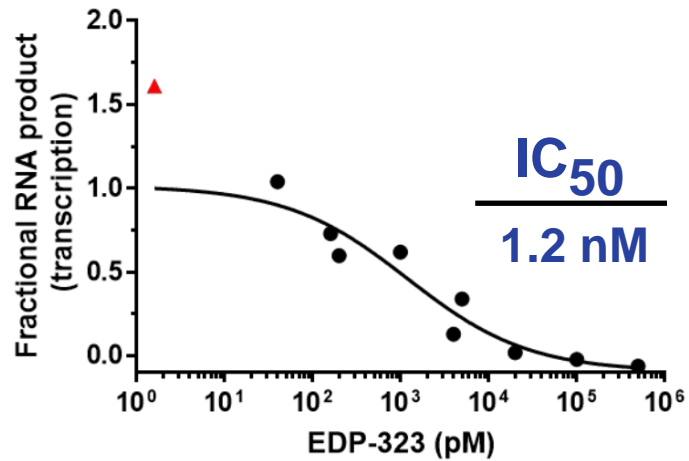
- EDP-323 directly interferes with L protein functionality

EDP-323 Directly Inhibits L Protein Function

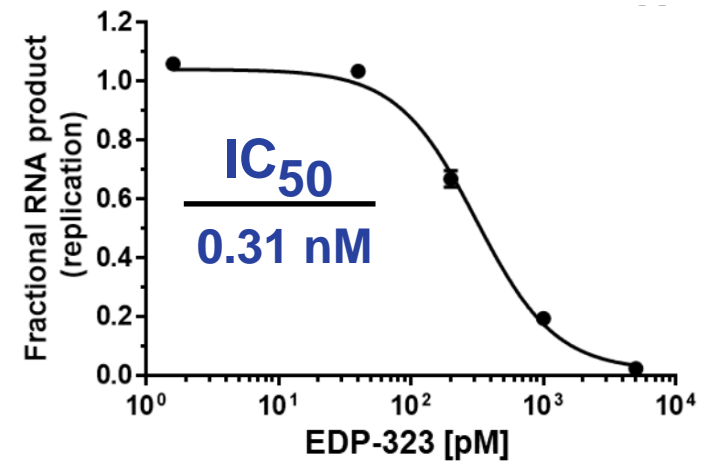
Minigenome Cellular Assays



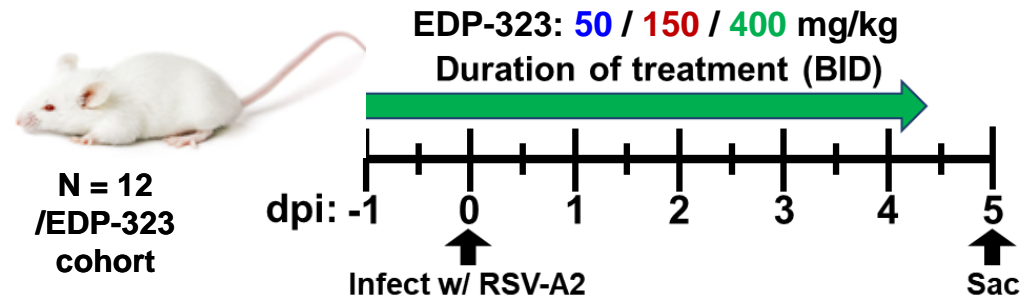
RNA Transcription Inhibition



RNA Replication Inhibition

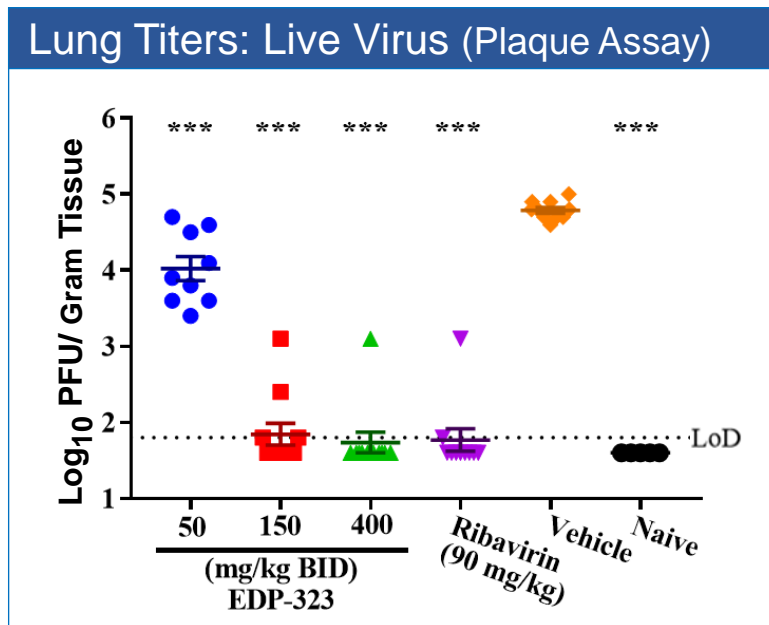
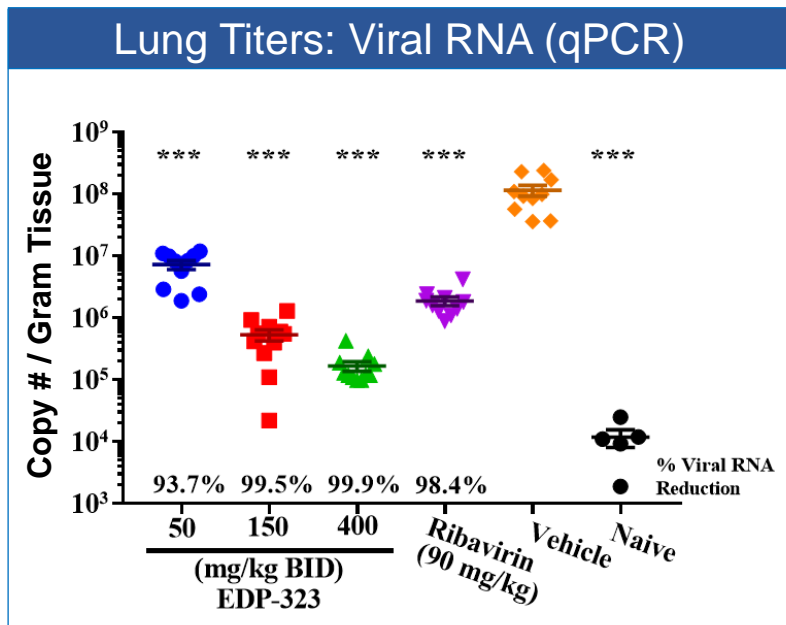
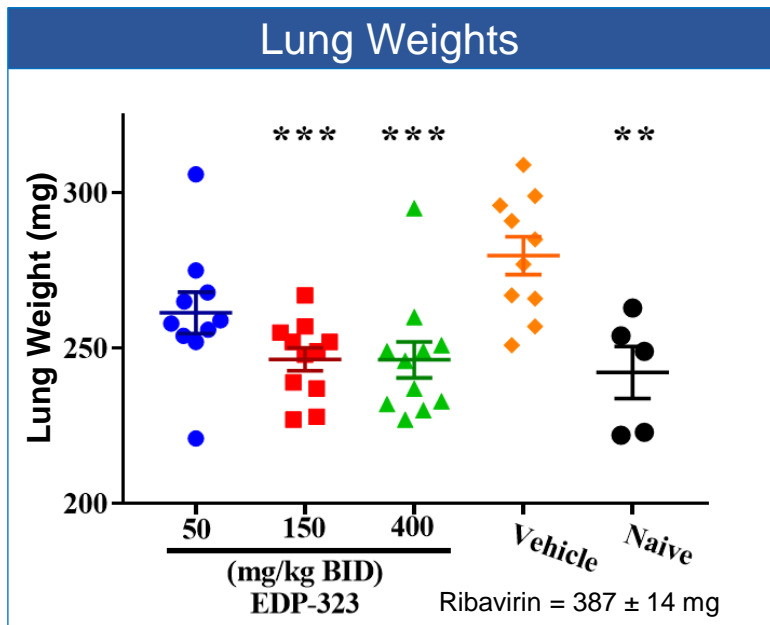


EDP-323 Protects RSV-Infected Mice in a Dose-Dependent Manner



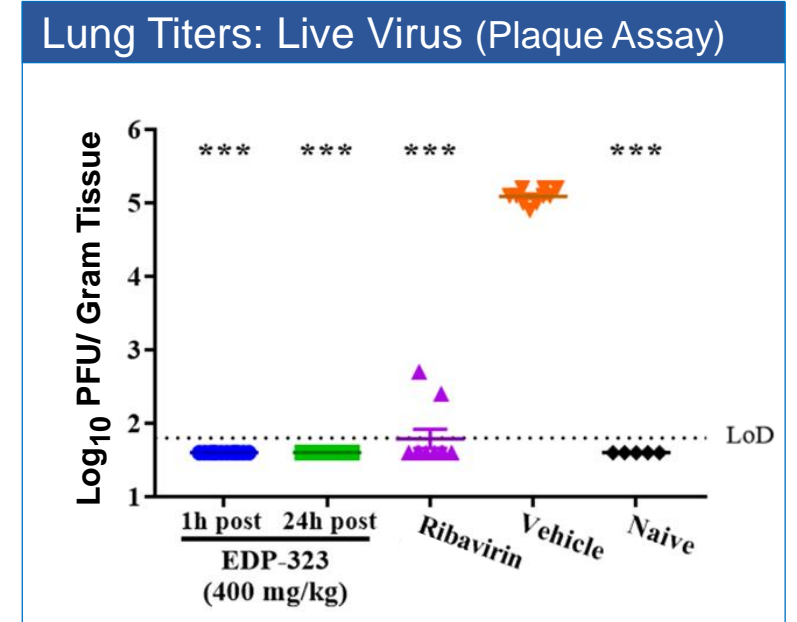
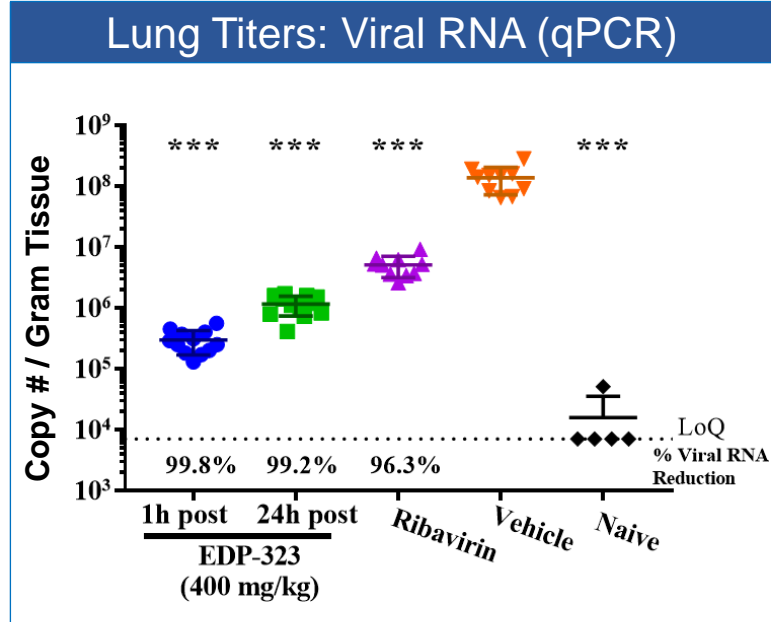
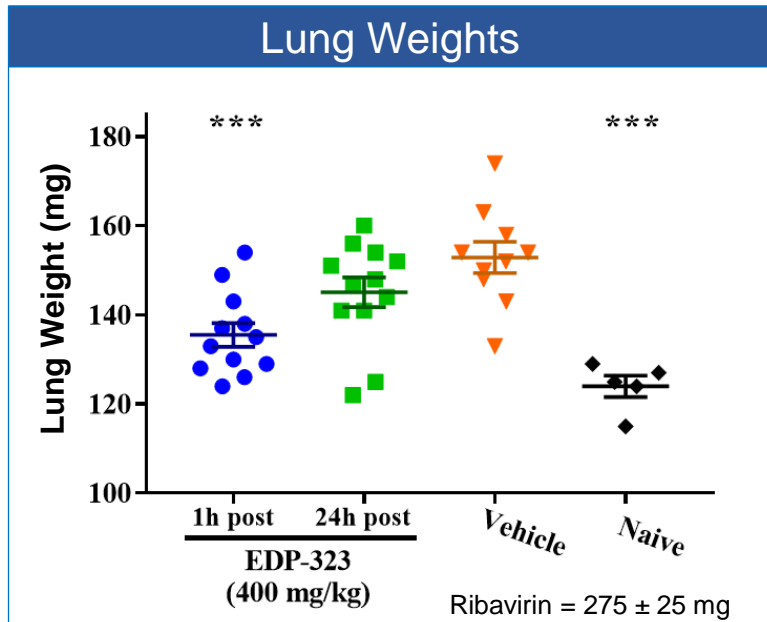
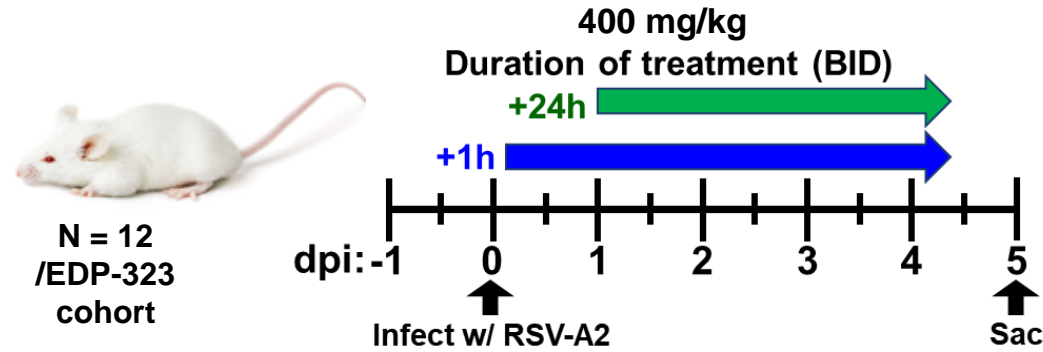
EDP-323 Antiviral Activity: EC_{50/90} [nM]

Cells	Virus	Readout	EC ₅₀	EC ₉₀
BALB/c Lung	RSV-A2	RT-qPCR	1.00	4.10
	RSV-A Long	RT-qPCR	1.20	5.30
3D pHAEC ALI Culture	RSV-A Long	RT-qPCR	0.16	0.27
	RSV-B VR-955	RT-qPCR	0.09	0.33



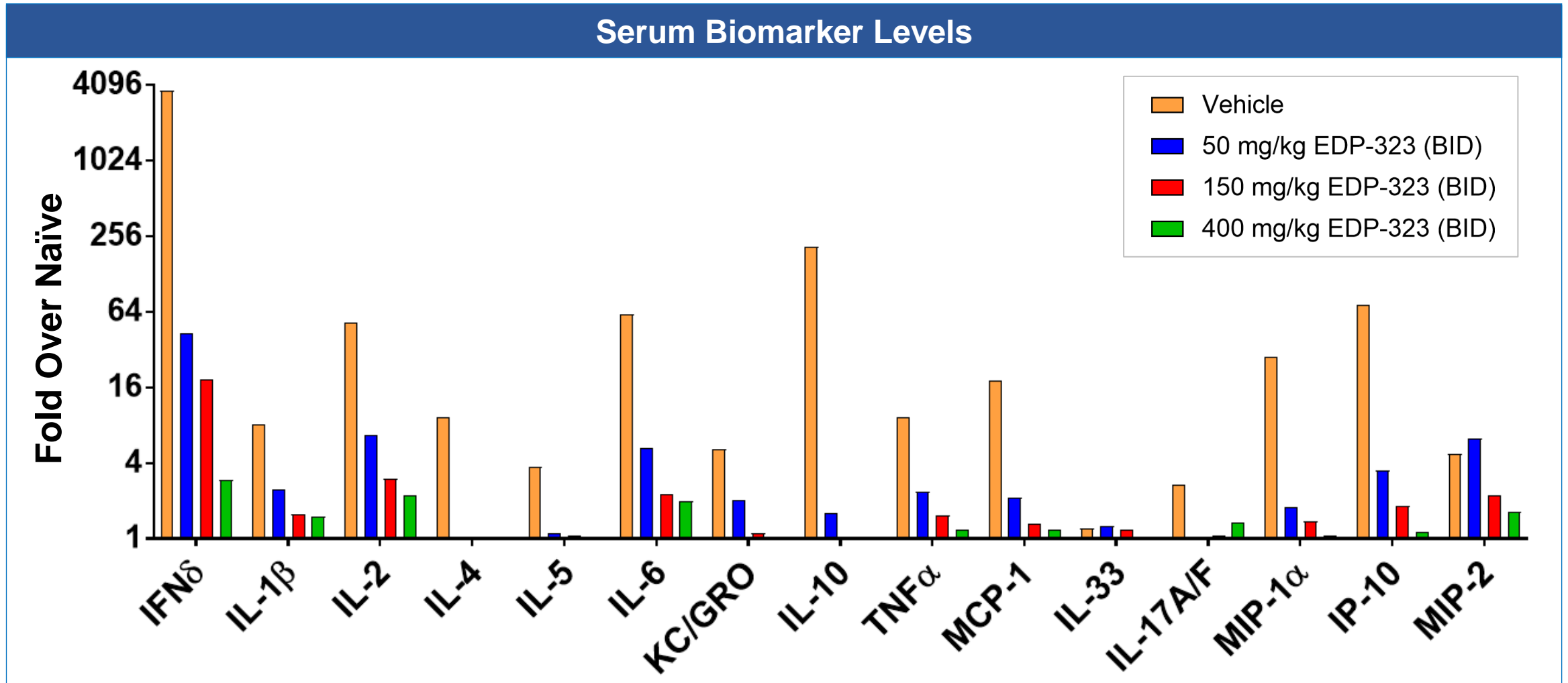
** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001 versus vehicle. LoD is 1.8 log₁₀ PFU/gram tissue. Values below LoD set arbitrary at 1.6 log₁₀ PFU/g tissue. Error bars are SEM. Ribavirin dosed SC BID from -1 - 4 dpi at 90 mg/kg/day.

EDP-323 Therapeutically Protects RSV-Infected Mice



***p < 0.001 versus vehicle. LoD is 1.8 log₁₀ PFU/gram tissue. Values below LoD set arbitrary at 1.6 log₁₀ PFU/g tissue. LoQ is 7 x 10³ copies/gram tissue. Error bars are SEM. Ribavirin dosed SC QD from +1 hpi - 4 dpi at 90 mg/kg/day.

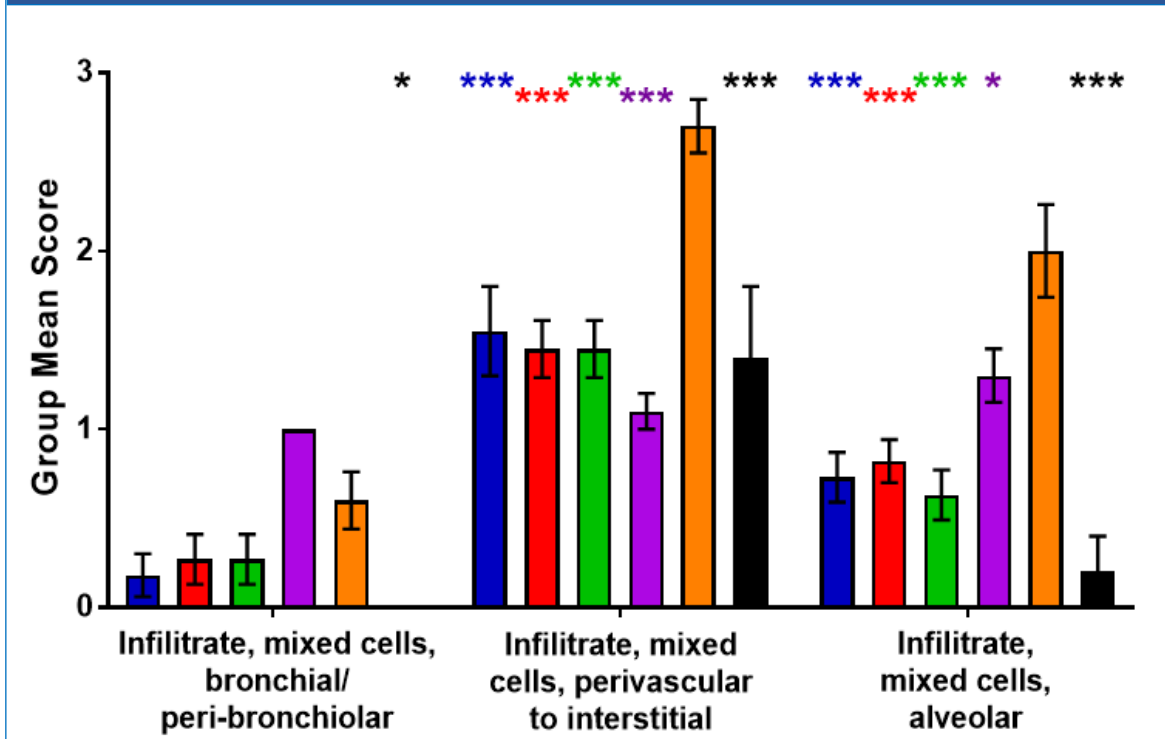
EDP-323 Impairs Viral-Induced Cytokine Responses in Mice



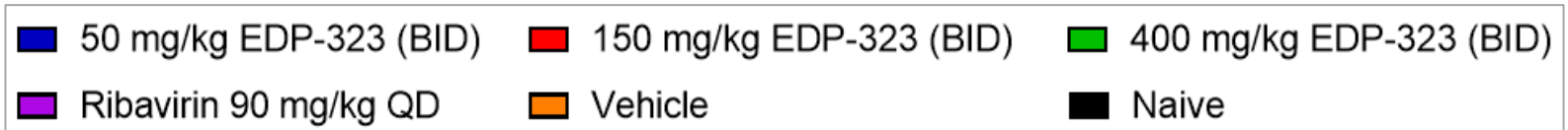
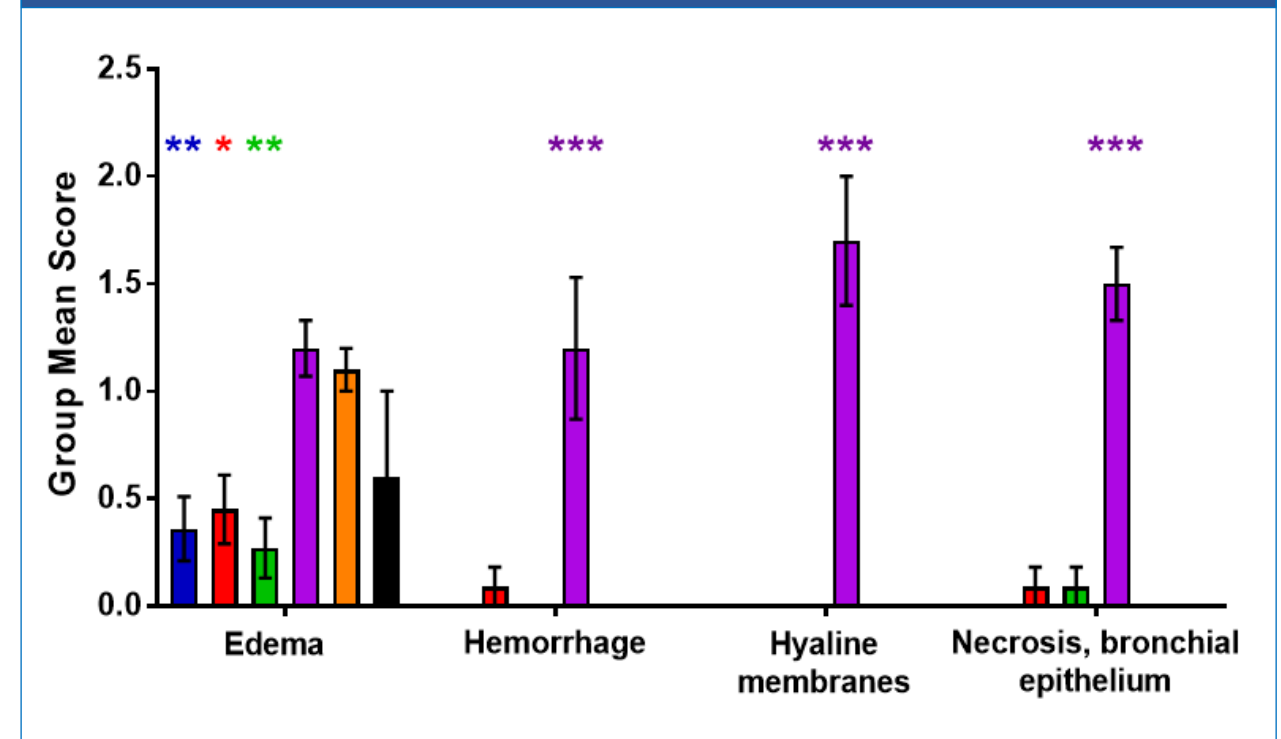
- EDP-323 inhibits RSV-induced increases in pro-inflammatory cytokine biomarkers

EDP-323 Reduces Viral-Induced Pathology in Mice

Mouse Lung Mean Inflammatory Cell Infiltrate Scores



Mouse Lung Mean Histopathology Scores



- All EDP-323 cohorts significantly reduced viral-induced pathology vs vehicle treated infected animals

EDP-323, A Potent L-Protein Inhibitor for the Treatment of RSV

EDP-323...

- is a non-nucleoside inhibitor of the RSV RdRp protein inhibiting both viral replication and transcription
- is active against both RSV-A and RSV-B subtypes with low picomolar EC₅₀s in multiple primary human cell culture systems
- maintains efficacy and potency across a range of viral loads and times post-infection
- protects mice in a dose-dependent manner from RSV infection both prophylactically and therapeutically as quantified by both virological and pathological endpoints
- demonstrates favorable oral bioavailability and PK properties to support once-a-day oral dosing
- Has initiated phase 1 human clinical trials this week

Acknowledgements

Enanta Pharmaceuticals, Inc.'s RSV Team:

- **Chemistry:** Yat Sun Or, In Jong Kim, Jianming Yu, Adam Szymaniak, Kevin McGrath, Tyler Mann
- **Virology:** Nicole McAllister, Nalini Bisht, Rachel Levene, Joyce Sweeney Gibbons, Nathan Manalo, Bryan Goodwin
- **DMPK:** Lijuan Jiang, Indy Zhang
- **Biochemistry:** Anand Balakrishnan, Archie Reyes

External Collaborators/Contributors

- **Boston University MoA Studies:** Barbara Ludeke, Rachel Fearn
- **Mouse Efficacy Studies:** Aragen Life Sciences
- **3D pHAEC-ALI RSV Imaging:** Visikol

Thank you!

Questions?